If you want a crop of prosperous business, plant your Spring advertisement now.

The Columbian.

Calendars" are all gone. Come and get a copy of "Yours Truly," a pamphlet of illustrated humor, four numbers of which are given to every advance subscriber.

VOL 30 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1895. NO 28

ELECTRIC LIGHT IN BLOOMSBURG.

THE VOTE THEREON.

To the Editor of the Columbian:

The election on what is advertised as Ordinance No. 84, of the town council, is immediately impending. It seems that but little interest has been felt or exhibited on the subject, and nothing has been said editorially by the newspapers thereon. Now, on so important a question as that of increasing the debt of the town $20,000 or upwards for a new electric plant, there ought to be full information and due consideration given to the subject. And besides, we ought to understand whether the popular vote, as proposed to be taken, will be a lawful and fair vote.

By the Act of Assembly of 1891, P. L. 90, boroughs are authorized to manufacture electric light for commercial purposes, but upon the express condition that in case of an existing electric light company in the borough, authorized to furnish and "already furnishing electric lights to such borough or the public," the borough shall purchase the works of such electric light company upon agreement, if practicable, otherwise upon assessment, with the right of appeal by either party to the proper court. This is the present law upon this subject and it will be seen that in the case of any borough where an electric light company was in operation at the date of the Act, it could not manufacture and sell electricity to the inhabitants of the borough or for private use therein, without taking and paying for the works of the existing electric company.

Now, the "Bloomsburg Electric Light and Power Company" was incorporated by letters patent from the Governor of the Commonwealth, on the 11th of December, 1889, and was at the date of the Act of 1891, engaged in furnishing electricity to the inhabitants of the town. So that if the Act of 1891 applies to Bloomsburg, the town authorities cannot furnish electricity to the inhabitants upon rates of charge, or as the Act expresses it, for commercial purposes, without taking and paying for the works or property of the Electric Light Company.

As the Light Company claims to have expended $50,000 for their property, it is plain that an appropriation of their works would be costly to the town, and would require another popular vote to authorize it to be made.

It follows that the establishment of electric light works by the town will not cheapen electric light to the business men and other citizens of the town, but the operation of such works will be confined to the street lamps and town hall. There would then be three costly establishments or works for lighting in Bloomsburg, viz: The works of the gas company with underground pipes extending to all parts of the town, the electric light works with poles and wires for the exclusive supply of electricity to the inhabitants and business places of the town, and lastly the town works with a second set of poles and wire threading all of the principal streets and some of the by-ways of the town. We assume that neither the authorities of the town nor the people thereof would ever agree to buy the works of the existing electric company at a cost of $50,000 or upwards, or submit to an assessment therefor by a jury at an extravagant rate such as commonly prevails in damage cases against towns and corporations.

By the Constitution of Pennsylvania, Art. IX, Sec. 8, it is provided that no municipality (which would include Bloomsburg) shall incur indebtedness exceeding seven per cent. upon the assessed value of taxable property therein, nor shall it incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law. By the Act of April 20th, 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 68, relating to municipal indebtedness and the increase of the same, it is provided that "The word 'indebtedness', used in this Act, shall be deemed, held and taken to include all and all manner of debt, as well floating as funded, of the said municipality; and the net amount of such indebtedness shall be ascertained by deducting from the gross amount thereof, the moneys in the treasury, all outstanding solvent debts, and all revenues applicable, within one year, to the payment of the same." The 3rd Sec. of the same Act which provided that when the corporate authorities propose to increase the debt two per centum or more, within the seven per centum limit, they shall submit the question of such increase to the electors of the municipality, is substantially re-enacted by Sec. 3, of June 9th, 1891, P. L. 252.

It is plain upon the face of the constitution and these statutes that the only question to be submitted to the electors of a municipality is the increase of the public debt thereof above the gross or total amount of the existing debt, and that by express provision the existing debt will include any floating debt or obligation of the municipality as well as the bonded debt. In brief, the question voted upon must be upon a specific increase over and above any and every form of existing pecuniary obligation, less the amount of money in the treasury, &c., as above cited. It follows that the submission now made to the electors of Bloomsburg is unlawful as well as unfair, by its inclusion of several questions relating to the present debt along with the question of increasing that debt by an electrical light investment, and requiring a single affirmative or negative vote upon the whole. The constitution and the statutes very evidently do not contemplate or authorize a combination of distinct and separate questions in one vote, so that an opinion held by an elector on one question shall control his vote upon the whole.

It is idle to expect that electrical works to light the streets of Bloomsburg, spread as the Town is over an extended surface, can be secured at a cost of $20,000—we mean works sufficient for their purpose and fitted to endure. The first investments of the Town will no doubt be doubled afterward, as in the case of the Bloomsburg electric light company which began with a plant of $16,000 and has expended twice that amount in changes, renewals and improvements. And it will be found that the cost of running the Town plant and works, including fuel, skilled and other labor, oil, waste, with an estimated ten per centum annual depreciation of the working plant, added to interest upon the investment will considerably exceed the amount now paid for lighting the streets of Bloomsburg. Finally, every intelligent person understands that it is highly inadvisable to charge upon Town authorities the management of water works, gas work, steam heating works or any like business employment on behalf of the Town whenever it can be reasonably avoided. Local patronage is thereby increased, disputes are created and fostered thereby, the selection and change of employees depend upon flucuating, annual elections, and more or less of abuse in management may be expected. It is found by experience that such business is best conducted by individuals personally interested in the due and proper management of the same.

X.

Last week Wednesday night, as Richard Stiles was crossing the bridge at Benton, he was seized by two men, and while one held him the other rubbed tar on his face. They had some feathers, but did not use them, as they were frightened by the approach of Lloyd Freas, and ran away. They were not recognized. Mr. Stiles is a man well along in years, and has but one arm. His home is in Philadelphia, and he was on a visit to his son. This attack on him was dastrdly and cowardly, and has met with the strongest condemnation. The miscreants who made it should be hunted down, and be punished by the highest penalty the law can inflict.

This matter has been made the subject of comment by a number of republican newspapers, which have done some prating about the "Fishingcreek confederacy," &c., and the impression is given that a spirit of lawlessness pervades the community where it happened. Mr. Stiles declares that he did not know his assailants, and there is not a particle of evidence to connect them in any way with the events of thirty years ago. There is a bare possibility that the act may have been committed by men who still bore a grudge against him for the part he took in the occurrences of long ago, but there is no evidence of it, and it is obviously unfair to cast a stigma upon a peaceable and law-abiding community for the acts of two miscreants. Whatever the motive for the attack may have been, it was wholly unjustifiable. If it is true it arose from what happened more than a quarter of a century ago, it is all the more reason why the perpetrators should be punished, for men who will bear a grudge for thirty years, and then seek to revenge themselves in so cowardly a manner, are dangerous men to be at large.

The Presbyterian Sunday School and congregation will hold their annual picnic at Wynona Park on Thursday, July 18th.

SHOT TO DEATH IN THE STREET.

A PROMINENT NANTICOKE BUSINESS MAN KILLED IN THE PRESENCE OF FRIENDS.

Frederick F. Bittenbender, one of the most prominent business men of Nanticoke, a director of the First National Bank and member of the school board, was shot and instantly killed at noon Saturday, by Abram Eckert. The shooting occurred on the main street, Bittenbender being in his carriage in front of the bank. Eckert was captured. The cause of the affair is hard to determine, although it seemed that Eckert believed Bittenbender had a grudge against him and wanted to do him injury. Eckert is janitor at the high school, and Bittenbender, as chairman of the Building Committee of the board, had the power of supervising and directing Eckert's work.

Bittenbender and another director, George W. Gruver, went to the school on a tour of inspection and found Eckert was not there attending to his work. They were annoyed and drove to Eckert's house, where Bittenbender inquired: "Why don't you do your work at the school house? You are paid for it and should do it."

The men have been friends for some time despite their different stations and Eckert laughed as he replied: "All right, Fred, I'll go down and finish up." They chatted a while, all being in good humor, and then Bittenbender drove away.

The men did not meet again until noon. At that time Bittenbender, with his father and George W. Flock, another bank director, were driving up the street. In front of the bank Eckert was standing. He called out that he wanted to see Bittenbender, and the latter drove to the sidewalk. Eckert looked very angry and said:—

"Something has been troubling me for a week or more; it seems you have a grudge against me. What do you mean by treating me the way you have been doing?" Somewhat surprised, Bittenbender replied: "You are paid to do the work and must do it." Hardly had the last word left his mouth when Eckert sprang backward from the carriage, drew a revolver, and taking deliberate aim, fired.

The bullet entered Bittenbender's right eye and caused instant death. The body plunged forward and fell over the wheel of the carriage at the feet of Eckert, who despite the cries of Bittenbender's father and Flock, who were trying to jump from the carriage, and the approach of people, calmly stood over the body and fired two more shots. The first shattered the bone in the left arm and the other missed. Then he started to run, but had gone only a few steps when he was overpowered by school director Thomas Callary and John Reagan.

A crowd gathered immediately and some of the friends of Bittenbender cried, "Lynch him; string him up." Callary and Reagan, however, ran with the prisoner to Burgess Powell's office and there he was secured and brought by constables to jail in Wilkes-Barre.

Eckert is 48 years old and has a wife and seven children. He has always been a quiet, good natured fellow and had many friends, who are unable to account for the sudden change in his disposition. It appears that he had some deep-seated grievance against Bittenbender. Two weeks ago he was heard to remark, "If Fred does not stop treating me as he is doing he will be sorry."

Bittenbender was proprietor of the Bittenbender Machine Shops and the inventor of many mechanical appliances. He leaves a wife and four children.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

The next annual Teachers' Institute of Columbia county. Arrangements have been completed for the next Teachers' County Institute to be held in Bloomsburg October 21–25. The best talent has been secured for instruction and entertainment. The day instructors are Dr. Arnold Tompkins, of Chicago; Miss Margaret McCloskey, of Lock Haven; Miss Gertrude Edmund, of East Stroudsburg; County Superintendents, B. R. Johnson, of Union Co., and J. George Becht, of Lycoming; Dr. J. P. Welsh, of Bloomsburg, and Prof. J. A. Sprenkel and others.

For evenings the following have been engaged: Dr. James Hedley, Byron W. King, Thomas Dixon, Jr., and Hall's Schuman Lady Quartette, of Chicago.

C. B. Chrisman has sold his fruit stand to Hervey Furman.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

G. S. Robbins and family are at Ocean Grove.

J. G. Wells bought a bicycle of W. S. Rishton on Tuesday.

Mrs. Bellas of Philadelphia, is the guest of Miss Sade Sloan.

Miss Lilla Sloan is entertaining her friend Miss Kendig of Lancaster.

Hon. I. K. Krickbaum spent Saturday in town. He is still hale and hearty.

Robert Young and sister Miss Kate, are taking a trip in New England.

Dr. Honora A. Robbins is away on a trip to Boston and Ocean Grove.

E. W. Drinker and family, of Wilkes-Barre, spent Sunday in town with relatives.

Rev. and Mrs. B. C. Connor are spending this week at Mountain Lake campmeeting.

R. Rush Zarr Esq., has moved to J. D. Shaffer's new house on Market street below the railroad.

Recent information from Rev. W. C. Leverett is to the effect that his condition is not materially changed.

Bruce Jones sprained his ankle in getting out of the bus, and is confined to his room at the Exchange Hotel.

Warren Beddoe, of the Normal class of '94, now residing at Buck Mountain, spent the 4th in Bloomsburg.

Miss Harriet Sharpless and her three nieces, Julia Sharpless, Edna Wilson and Helen Vanderslice, are at Mt. Gretna.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding left on Tuesday for a ten days trip, which will include New York, Philadelphia, and the sea-shore.

Elmer E. Person, city editor of the Williamsport "Grit" called at the COLUMBIAN office on Monday. He is one of our graduates.

Miss Ida Herring, Miss Martha Powell, Miss Brown and J. J. Wagonseller left for Boston on Tuesday to attend the C. E. Convention.

M. C. Woodward, the long time collector of this town, is confined to the house, from a cancer on his nose. He has been quite feeble for some time.

Mrs, Rev. I. M. Patterson and daughter, Miss Eleanor, went to Boston on Tuesday, where they are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Patterson.

William R. Campbell, son of James I. Campbell of near Orangeville, is at home on a visit. He has been in Utah for the past nine years, as a Presbyterian missionary.

Mrs. M. H. McKinney, Mrs. W. M. Reber, Miss Josephine Barkley and Miss Maude Runyon went to Boston on Monday to attend the convention of Christian Endeavors.

Rev. T. H. Cullen, who was rector of St. Paul's Church from 1862 to 1870, has failed in health, and is in a state of melancholia. When last heard from he was in a hospital in Philadelphia.

Miss Florence Montgomery, daughter of Dr. Montgomery of Mifflinville, who has been attending the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston for the past year, has returned home. Her musical ability is of a high order.

The mother and brother of Rev. D. N. Kirkby are visiting at St. Paul's Rectory. The former will remain some time, but the brother will return to Buffalo on Saturday, to meet his engagements as rector of an Episcopal Church.

COURTESY TO SENATOR HERRING.

On the day that Collector Herring left home to sail for Europe a communication came from the Executive chamber at Harrisburg, containing a letter of commendation signed by Governor Hastings. It is handsomely engrossed on parchment, with red, white and blue ribbons attached, and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and reads as follows:

"It having come to my knowledge that Hon. Grant Herring an Attorney-at Law, Ex-State-Senator of Penna., and at present United States Revenue Collector of the Twelfth District intends travelling in Europe for pleasure and information I commend him to the special confidence and courteous attention of all authorities, officials and others whom he may meet, especially the representatives of the United States Government, as a person of high standing and character and fully entitled to and worthy of the greatest respect and regard."

The document arrived after Mr. Herring's departure, but was forwarded, and will reach him in London. Coming entirely unsolicited, it is highly appreciated.

The following letters are advertised July 9, 1895. Miss Emma Becker, Miss Sophia Dirks, Miss Lilly Everitt, Miss Margaret M. Harper, Mrs. Harry Knob, Miss Bertha Merkel, Mrs. Dr. E. B. Warner. Will be sent to the dead letter office July 23, 1895.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

Patrick Bakey of Centralia was killed by an explosion of gas in Lytle colliery near Pottsville, on Monday. He was employed as pump engineer, and went in the slope to oil the machinery, carrying a naked lamp. The explosion followed, and he was blown to pieces. He was 32 years of age, and leaves a widow and several children.

Headquarters for bicycle clothing.

Latest out the Golf Cap.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

are selling their entire stock of of clothing at cost.

--OUR REASON--

We carry nothing over from season to season.

J. M. Gidding & Co. ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Bicycle hose, belts caps and sweaters.

White duck trousers and hot weather garments.

See our great assortment of men's pants at $1.50, $2.00, and $2.50, worth easily a dollar more.

SUMMER REDUCTION SALE of CLOTHING.

DOWN TO WHOLESALE COST.

A great many men's, boys' and children's suits, $2 and $3 taken off our extremely low prices on suits.

Don't make a mistake. There is no need to visit fake clothiers when you can buy fine clothing so cheap at Bloomsburg's Grand Old Stand,

THE

D. LOWENBERG

Clothing Store.

HOUSTON'S GENEROSITY.

How the Famous Texan Treated a Man Who Had Settled on His Land.

Many are the stories told of Sam Houston, the first president, and afterwards the first representative from Texas. There was a stretch of country near Quincy, Ill., known as the "Indian tract." Sam Houston had title to a great deal of it, a real estate fact which it would seem many of the earlier settlers of that region—a careless pioneer brood—were unaware of. One of them came to Richardson, Representative to Congress at that time from the Quincy district, and asked him if he knew Sam Houston. Richardson said he did, whereupon his constituent confided to him that he had inadvertently settled on one hundred and sixty acres of Houston's land, and that every dollar he was worth stood in the barns, house, fences and other improvements on the land. He had just learned, after living there eight years, that Houston had title to it, and that he did not. He wanted Richardson to see the conquerori of Mexico, and make the best terms he could. As it stood, he was absolutely at Houston's mercy.

Richardson, on his return to Congress, met Houston, and told him the story.

"And now, Houston," said Richardson, "the question is, what will you take and give this friend of mine a quit-claim deed to that one hundred and sixty acres?"

"What sort of a man is this constituent of yours who has blundered upon my land?" asked Houston.

"Good, square, honest man," replied Richardson.

"When I turn him off my land," said Houston, hopefully, "I reckon he and his family will be beggars."

"Utterly ruined," responded Richardson.

Houston thought a moment. "What's this farm worth now?" he asked.

"Improvements and all, about six thousand dollars."

"What was the bare one hundred and sixty acres worth when your fellow went on it?"

"About five dollars per acre; eight hundred dollars in all."

"Good fellow, this man of yours, Richardson?"

"Best in the world."

"Tell him to send me eight hundred dollars and I'll make him a deed."

In the course of time on came the eight hundred dollars in a New York draft. Richardson sought Houston, who promptly made a deed, and handed it to Richardson. Then he took the draft, and, after he had looked at it a moment, turned it over and endorsed it.

"You say, Richardson, this man of yours is a good fellow?"

"First-class man every way," responded Richardson.

"Send him back this draft," said Houston, "and tell him Sam Houston's changed his mind. What can he buy a good young horse for in that country, as good a saddle horse as you have out there?"

"Two hundred dollars ought to do it," said Richardson.

"Well then," said Houston, "you give him back the draft and tell him to buy a first-class saddle horse, about four years old, and keep him for me. When Congress adjourns I'll go home with you, and when I get my visit out, I'll take the horse and ride him down to Texas."

Richardson complied with this new arrangement, and the man in Illinois received back his draft and bought a saddle horse. Just before adjournment Houston came over to Richardson.

"That fellow that's got my horse out in Illinois, you say, is a tiptop good man?"

"One of the best men in my district," replied Richardson.

"Well," said Houston, with a sigh, "I would have liked first-rate to see him and also my horse. But I've got to go straight to Texas, as affairs turn out. I'll tell you what to do, however, when you get home. Go over and see this man for me, and say to him to sell the horse and do what he pleases with the money. And, by the way, Richardson, I wish you'd write me and tell me if it was a good horse or not."

The curious can read the copy of Sam Houston's deed to the one hundred and sixty acres in the record of the Quincy land office.

Romp With the Children.

"Chauncey Depew advised fellow-diners recently to join with their children in their play and romp with them if they would enjoy life," said a young father recently.

"Well, I took his advice," he continued, "but I find that my little boy of 3 years can stand a good deal more than I can.

"He led me a merry dance this morning playing hide and seek all over the house. When, after an hour, I told him we had had enough of that he proposed something else, and so on, until I was on the point of collapse.

"It is all right to romp with your children, but you should get into training first. It is harder than chopping wood, football or any other form of athletic exercise with which I am acquainted."—New York Journal.

His Work.

His last hour had come.

His dearest friend, who had watched him growing weaker day by day, sat by the bedside, bowed down with grief.

"I am ready to go," the dying man whispered, weakly, as his comrade wiped the death-damp from his pallid brow.

"My work is done. I have finished—"

The other bent to catch the last faint words.

"——coloring that meerschaum pipe."

The Sick Man and the Theatre Hat.

Doctor—Take a stated amount of exercise daily.

Patient—Will it be enough if I walk twice around my wife's theatre hat every day?

Doctor—You'd better not risk overexerting yourself at first. Begin with once and increase the laps as you feel able.

THE FARM GARDEN.

Its Value Underestimated in Many Cases by Farmers.

The garden on the farm is an important matter, yet there are thousands of farmers who do not have gardens. They deprive themselves of luxuries which they could easily grow, and go to the country stores to purchase fruits and vegetables that are sent from the cities. The farmer looks upon the garden as costly, the work required to produce the fruits and vegetables being more than he is willing to bestow. The strawberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries, early peas, radishes, kale, asparagus, onions, celery, beets, melons and other garden products, which provide a variety for the table, are no inducement to the farmer who makes wheat, corn, potatoes and hay his main crops. There are farmers, however, who know the value of gardens, but the farmers as a class produce but a limited variety and are satisfied to either buy or limit themselves to the same fare in summer that they subsit upon during the winter, which is not conducive to health or pleasure.

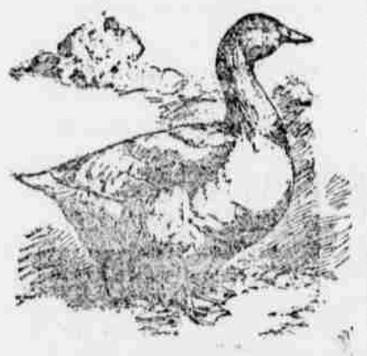
Garden implements, such as the hoe, rake, spade and spading fork, are now being superseded. Seeds can be sown with a small drill, and the wheel hoe and hand cultivator will keep the weeds and grass down. The proper plan for a garden on the farm is to grow everything in long rows, using the horse hoe for cultivation. By this method there is a saving of labor, but more space is required and more manure must be used than when the area is smaller and the hand tools used. Seed sowing and covering, which was formerly a very tedious operation, can be quickly done with a seed drill. It is simply a matter of pushing the drill at a slow walk, and the entire work of planting a large garden can be done in a day. The main work is in plowing the land and harrowing the soil fine, so as to form a seed bed fit to receive the finest seeds and properly cover them.

While the farmer may possibly be able to purchase some vegetables as cheap as he can produce them, yet he can never have them as fresh and wholesome as he can grow them. There is a difference in the flavor of fruit picked ripe and carried to the table and that picked partially green and transported a long distance to market. The same may be claimed of vegetables, both early and late. When grown on the farm they are never stale, and a selection can be made of the best and choicest. The value of the articles produced in a garden is greater in proportion to cost than the stable crops, and it does not pay the farmer to grow the cheaper articles and purchase the dearest. He should apply his labor where it will give him the greatest return for the outlay, and he cannot do this to better advantage than to cultivate a well stocked garden.

THE EMBDEM GOOSE.

A Popular Market Variety, That Has Stood the Test of Experience.

The Bremen Goose, better known, perhaps, as the Embdem, was originally imported from Bremen, and has been raised as a distinct breed in America since 1821. Its distinguishing colors are an unmixed white plumage, with handsome yellow bill, legs and feet, and the iris of the eye has a peculiar blue tint in all well-bred birds. A full blood specimen will weigh twenty pounds or more. It furnishes nearly twice as many feathers as the common barnyard



The Embdem Goose.

goose, and will set and hatch with rather more certainty and success. As a table fowl, its flesh is free from dryness, and exhibits a juciness and tenderness akin to that of a wild fowl, and shrinks but slightly in cooking. It is considered one of the best of fowls for the market or table. The Bremen arrives at maturity when 2½ years old. It has a tender constitution and requires good care; is a fair forager, but does not bear confinement well. It is a poor mother, and lays only twenty eggs a year on an average. Its chief merit is in its feathers and table qualities.

Cows and Calves.

The milking qualities of cows are always injured by allowing them to suckle their calves. It is not necessary to allow this, even when the calf is to be fattened. Skim milk, if fed always at the warmth of new milk, and enriched by old-process linseed-oil meal, cooked and stirred in it, will take the place of new milk. It will be no more trouble than to milk the cow by hand, and it will be better for the cow than to let the calf suckle her. The gain the first week on the oil meal may not be so much as by suckling the cow, but as the calf grows older the oil-meal and skim-milk ration will have the advantage.

Feed and Meat.

The fact of feed influencing flavor and quality of meat applies especially to sheep. It is undoubtedly true that an extensive grower of celery fed his lambs during the winter the roots and clippings, as he prepared his vegetable for the market, and gave their flesh a peculiar and delicious flavor.

Raise Sheep.

The fortunate stockman who will be the special envy of their less fortunate neighbors, two and three years hence, will be the owners of good-sized flocks of wool and mutton sheep, and from present indications they will be none too numerous to detract from the high and honorable distinction.

THE TENDERLOIN DISTRICT.

A Once Noted Section of New York, But Now a Mere Name.

The original tenderloin precinct in the annals of the police department of New York was the Eighth, the station house of which was in Prince street and is now in Macdougal street. Its boundaries are Canal street, Houston street, Broadway, and the North River. It was a great resort for thieves, crooks, and disorderly persons, and furnished the largest amount of police business. In 1870, when the Eighth Precinct was at the height of its deplorable prominence, the arrests were 5,500 in a year, against 2,500 in the Twenty-Ninth Precinct, the present Tenderloin. The captain best known in connection with the Eighth was Charles McDonald, better known as "Lightning Charley." He was appointed in 1870, and gained his title from service in the Thirty-Fifth Station.

With the growth of the city further up town, the moving away of the big hotels and the encroachments of stores and warehouses in the Eighth Precinct, the Fifteenth, or Mercer Street Precinct, became the Tenderloin. Its reign was brief. The Twenty-Ninth (now the Nineteenth) Precinct, the present Tenderloin, extends from Fourteenth to Forty-Second street, and the western boundary is Seventh avenue. It takes in both sides of Broadway and has a larger number of hotels than any other precinct in the city.

The part that gave it its unsavory reputation lies between Sixth and Seventh avenues and Twenty-Third and Thirty-Fourth streets. At one time both sides of Sixth avenue were largely taken up with concert saloons, and among these in the Tenderloin were the Buckingham, the Star and Garter, the Cremorne, the Empire, the Sans Souci, the Argyle and the Haymarket. Sixth avenue between Twenty-Third and Thirty-Fourth streets at that time was as much crowded by night as Broadway is now by day. Arrests were many and strangers visiting New York came to this neighborhood as one of the sights of the town.

At present the Tenderloin is a name chiefly. Most of the establishments which gave it a national if not international ill-repute have either moved away or have been closed for good. The side streets between Sixth and Seventh avenues and Twenty-Fifth and Twenty-Sixth streets are mostly occupied by members of the French colony. It is in the heart of the region of tables d'hote. Twenty-Seventh street, notorious in old Tenderloin days, is now occupied chiefly by colored residents. Thirty-First and Thirty-Second streets are given over to business uses. Thirty-First street is mostly occupied by German tenants. A new church has been built there within two years. Sixth avenue is now as quiet at midnight as any other New York thoroughfare up town—decidedly more so than Third or Eighth avenues. The number of arrests in the Nineteenth Precinct last year was 4,253, while in the Fifteenth (Mercer street) the arrests were 4,940. The Eighth Precinct, the Tenderloin of other days, had a total of 1,900 prisoners, of whom 1,620 were men, mostly for minor offenses.—New York Sun.

A Suspicious Uncle.

"Kitty, what brings that young chuckle-head of a Spoonamore to this house so often?"

"Why, Uncle Allen, he comes to see me, I suppose."

"What do you know about him?"

"I know he's a very pleasant agreeable young man, who belongs to a good family, always dresses well, is in good circumstances and is well educated and well read."

"What else do you know about him?"

"I know that he hasn't any of the habits many young men have. He doesn't drink, smoke, gamble, attend prize fights or go into bad company.

"Does he keep a race horse?"

"Oh, no! I am sure he doesn't."

"Part his hair in the middle?"

"No."

"Let his little finger nails grow extremely long?"

"No."

"Quote Ibsen?"

"Never."

"Chew gum?"

"Oh, no!"

"Wear pointed whiskers?"

"He does not."

"Carry chocolate creams and caramels in his pocket?"

"No."

Still suspicious — "He may be all right, Kitty, but you'd better watch him. I'll bet $4 he calls his father 'papa.'"—Chicago Tribune.

Why It Failed.

"No, our onion social was not a success."

"Onion social? What is that?"

"Why, all of the girls stand up in a row, and one of them is selected to take a bite out of an onion. Then the young men pay ten cents a guess as to who ate the onion."

"Yes."

"And, if he guesses right, he gets to kiss all the other girls."

"I see."

"And the girl who bit the onion kisses all the fellows who guess wrong. And that is where the row began. All of the girls wanted to be the onion girl. More fellows guess wrong than right, you know." — Cincinnati Tribune.

Mustard and Stoicism.

An Indian chief rashly swallowed a spoonful of mustard, which made his eyes water. Another chief asked why he wept. Being ashamed to name the true cause, he replied that he was thinking of his son who was killed in battle. The other chief then took some mustard, and being asked in turn why he wept, answered: "I weep to think that you were not killed when your son was."—Social Circle of Anecdote.

A Commercial Transaction.

Can anybody in the crowd change a $100 bill?"

"I can."

"Very well. Give me the change and I'll go out and see if I can borrow a $100 bill."—Life.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

What brings relief from dirt and grease? Why don't you know?

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B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

THE SOUTH CENTRAL CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING AND MILLING CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

CAPITAL STOCK - - - $2,000,000.

Shares $1.00 each, Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

(Issued in payment for this Company's Mines.)

General Offices, 712-713 National Bank of Commerce Building, Broadway and Oliver St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

TREASURY RESERVE STOCK, $300,000.

In Shares of $1.00 Each, Full-Paid and Non-Assessable.

GOLD.

Controls a Rich Group of Ten Gold Mines,

Located in Carson Mining District,

Owyhee County, Idaho; a district which has produced

OVER $40,000,000.00.

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VICE PRES'T—Capt. J. A. Ware, Railroad Contractor, St. Louis.
2d " —Wm. F. Wernse, President Guarantee Loan and Mortgage Company, St. Louis.
SECRETARY—Wm. Tirre, of Wm. Tirre & Sons, and Tirre Coal Co., St. Louis; also Pres't Prince Arthur Mining Co., Gold Mines.
ASS'T SEC'Y—E. A. Wernse, Cashier Guarantee Loan and Mortgage Co., St. Louis.
Victor Nusbaum, Merchant Tailor, Cleveland Ohio.
J. H. Rhoades, of Rhoades, Kenney & Spence, Hartford City, Ind.
Three other Directors reside at the Mines.
TREASURER AND TRANSFER AGENT—The Guarantee Loan and Mortgage Co., (AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $1,500,000), St. Louis.

The Mines are PRODUCERS, and will be Worked for Dividends.

A limited number of shares of the Company's Treasury Stock will now be sold to first applicants, in the order received, at the price of

12½ CENTS A SHARE.

Certain to advance and yield ten to hundred fold and over, on this price.

A SMALL JUDICIOUS INVESTMENT OFTEN BRINGS A FORTUNE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY. The stock will be listed, and price advance rapidly. The Company's consolidated mines have very large Ore Reserves. It is desired to erect a Stamp Mill, to reduce the Company's ore to Bullion.

THE OUT PUT of Company's Mines will be increased to the DIVIDEND BASIS, as fully demonstrated by Reports and Statements on file. Complete Reports and Statements sent on application.

AGENTS! We want several good agents. Will pay LARGE CASH COMMISSIONS and some Stock, on which DIVIDENDS will be GUARANTEED.

Address application for shares to Treasurer South Central Consolidated Gold Mining and Milling Co., 712 & 713 National Bank of Commerce Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

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ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

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Do you want a PIANO?

Do you want an ORGAN?

Do you want a Sewing Machine?

Do you want any kind of a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT?

Do you want SHEET MUSIC?

If so, do not send your money away from home, but deal with a reliable dealer right here, who will make things right, if there is anything wrong.

For anything in this line the place to go is to

J. Saltzer's.

Ware-rooms, Main Street, below Market.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.14
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07 to .10
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	3.60
Hay per ton	12.00 to 14.00
Potatoes per bushel,	.75
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.14
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.75
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.20
Chop "	1.25
Middlings "	1.20
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.22
Turkeys " "	.15
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

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There's lots of snap and vim in this HIRES' ROOTBEER. There's lots of pleasure and good health in it, too. A delicious drink, a temperance drink, a home-made drink, a drink that delights the old and young. Be sure and get the genuine

HIRES' Rootbeer

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

THE CHAS. E. HIRES COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

-1466

IMPRISONED.

Exciting Adventure of a Young and Pretty School Teacher.

Katie Rankin is a pretty, twenty-year old schoolmistress in a Pennsylvania town. She is also a heroine, as an adventure in which she was the leading character has proved. A two hundred and fifty-pound black bear was the other actor in the affair, and Katie's schoolhouse was the scene of the combat.

Just back of the one-story schoolhouse stretches a forest, up and across the mountain, which rises five hundred feet or more. It is no uncommon thing to see bears or catamounts in these woods. The knowledge that there were wild beasts about caused Katie Rankin to carry a revolver, for her boarding-place is fully half a mile distant from the schoolhouse.

One night snow fell in that locality to the depth of twenty inches. Next morning Miss Rankin started for her school, going quite early, so that she could have the room warm before the pupils began to arrive.

On opening the door, she was surprised to find one of the windows in the rear of the room wide open. It had apparently been open all night, for the snow had drifted in.

Hurrying up the aisle to make fast the window, she was startled to see a big black form lying on the floor close to the stove. She was about to flee when the black form rose up, and she was surprised still more to find it not a man, but a big black bear.

She sprang to the door, but in her hurry to get inside when she arrived, a minute before, she had failed to remove the key from the outside, and it had sprung shut, and thus was the now thoroughly alarmed girl made a prisoner, with a big black bear as a companion.

Old bruin sat up on his haunches and blinked at the terrified girl.

At last, having surveyed her to his entire satisfaction, bruin gave a loud grunt, showed two rows of teeth, then turned and shambled toward the open window. With his fore paws on the sill he looked back over his shoulder at Miss Rakin, who stood trembling at the door, then he raised his ponderous form and slid out into the snow.

It was then that Miss Rankin bethought herself, and rammed her hand into her coat pocket for her revolver. With this as a helpmate, and the bear on the outside of the building, all her bravery returned. She knew that bruin could not well get back if she barricaded the windows, and she did want to shoot a real, true bear so badly.

On going to the window, she was surprised to find that the bear had not yet gone more than ten feet toward the wood. The snow was so deep and of such a feathery nature that it was next to impossible for the woolly-coated creature to move.

She did not stop to think that bears are not usually shot with a revolver. She watched bruin flounder in the snow, and knew that he could not get back to her, even though the first few shots did no more than injure him.

Simultaneous with the report of the firearm the bear jumped into the air several feet, then went rolling into the snowdrift. An instant later he was again on his feet, this time with his face toward the schoolhouse window.

Again Miss Rakin raised her pistol, this time taking aim for the bear's eye. The bear fell again into the snowdrift. This time he was slow to rise, and before he accomplished this another bullet went ploughing into his body, and he lay down to die.

The shooting at the schoolhouse was heard by those at a farmhouse just across the creek, and several of the men folks came hurrying through the snow, one of them carrying a gun.

The man with a gun made his way to where the bear lay, and found that the beast was not dead. He raised his gun to fire the finishing charge, but was stopped before he could pull the trigger by Miss Rankin, who exclaimed:

"Here, I want to kill that bear."

The man stepped back, and Miss Rankin, from her position at the window, sent another bullet into the woolly mass that lay partly hidden in the snowdrift. Miss Rankin has had a rug made of the bearskin.

A Beautiful Theory Shaken.

The canals of Mars for a time made the New York and Canadian canals appear insignificant, notwithstanding the energetic struggles of the canals to compete with the railroads. Then the illumination upon Mars gave the idea that the Martians were signaling the earth, probably to warn us that an enlargement and improvement of the New York canals were absolutely necessary according to their ideas of canal matters. It is now asserted, however, by astronomers at the Lick Observatory in California, that no considerable bodies of water exist at all upon the planet Mars, and that Mars has absolutely no atmosphere. Thus is swept away the long cherished idea that Mars has inhabitants who have built canals, with possibly patent lock-lifts and high and low bridges and kept these canals filled with water from natural feeders and dams. Besides we must give up the idea that, overflowing with generous feelings these same inhabitants of the planet Mars turned their attention to signaling the earth and giving the people here pointers on the proper enlargement and improvement of their canals. Lost ideas are scattered everywhere along life's pathway.—Buffalo News.

A Close Call.

There was a pause.

It was like the calm before the cloudburst.

"It seems," observed the man who had successively discussed the weather antitoxine and Ibsen, "that the women are somewhat divided by the bloomer."

When he looked into the soulful eyes of the creature by his side, his first impulse was to explain that he meant divided as to sentiment.

Upon second thought, however, he concluded to urge her to permit him to assist her to another plate of ice-cream.—Detroit Tribune.

ABOUT THE FARM.

The cold winter has weakened the vitality of many animals. Horses will require careful spring feeding. Do not overfeed any animals.

A progressive dairyman puts it as follows: If you will go without a new suit of clothes this winter and buy a thoroughbred bull calf he will buy new clothes for all the family a few years from now.

The proper temperature for churning is from sixty to sixty-six degrees. Each one should get a thermometer and decide for himself. The temperature at which butter comes is the proper temperature.

Many reasons are given for the failure of apple crops in regions where they were once abundant. Besides the destruction of the forests and the introduction of diseases, is there not another cause to be found in the neglect of the hardy, full-bearing seedlings of our fathers for the tenderer varieties which bear more name than fruit?

A crop of peas, if early sown, will make a good soiling crop that can be fed quicker than any other spring sown grain. It will make half its growth before corn for soiling can be sown and have the young plant get out of the ground.

Do not be afraid to use land plaster liberally in the stables, gutters and stalls. It is clean, harmless and makes the stable lighter. Keep the walls white-washed and apply fresh plaster on the floors every day. It is cheap, and a bag or barrel of plaster should always be kept for convenient use.

Gradually the light is breaking and our farmer boys are seeing that there are just as great opportunities for advancement in their line as in any other, and that going away to school to study agriculture is as reasonable and profitable as to go away from home to study in order to become a teacher, a lawyer, a doctor, or a minister.

Early potatoes should pay well, as they are always in demand. A potato field should be kept clean from the time of planting to the harvesting of the crop. Many potato fields are allowed to become so overrun with weeds as to make the cost of harvesting more than all other labor given during the start, and the tubers will be larger and the yield heavier.

Old hay answers an excellent purpose even when the cows have an abundance of green food on the pasture. It is highly relished by them, and they should have a full ration of it at night. During the season when cows are first turned on grass they should have salt, and should any of them have the scours keep them in the barnyard and feed hay, with a mess of hot bran and cornmeal seasoned. Green grass is laxative, and the cows must not be allowed too much at the beginning of the pasture season.

A Missouri farmer writes in the St. Louis Journal of Agriculture that he finds goats profitable for rough land filled with weeds and bushes. He has had goats for four years and they have destroyed the bushes, sumach and small persimmon trees. His hogs have been free from disease, while all around him farmers who did not keep goats lost most of their hogs by cholera. The writer says that the meat of young goats is better than mutton. The wool of sheep is now worth so little that the question is worth thinking of whether a few goats may not be kept with profit on rough land unsuited to cultivation in some of the Eastern States.

Millet and Hungarian Hay.

The hay from most varieties of millet and Hungarian grass is so strong a food that it should be fed with great caution, especially to horses. It is safer and more palatable if cut before the seed begins to ripen, but even then it should be alternated with other fodder. When grown on a good soil, through a long season, the large-headed German millet is the best variety, according to A. A. Crozier, of the Michigan Agricultural College. The pointed-headed common millet is adapted to poor soils or late sowing. On fertile soils the small, slender-Hungarian grass will yield a large amount of good hay in moist seasons. Millet can be sown as a catch crop for hay when it is too late to plant corn, or when insects or a hard winter have destroyed the clover, or whenever a seeding of permanent grasses fails. For hay, plant half a bushel per acre; if for seed, sow one peck. It is especially adapted to new lands and good, sandy soil. The thick stems cause it to cure better if bunched in the field when partly dried, like clover.—American Agriculturist.

THE POULTRY YARD.

It is not always safe to follow the fancy breeders. Market fowls influence them very little. The best fowls for farmers are those which have proved their good qualities.

Geese of good quality nearly always bring good prices in the market. The quality is uncertain, and hence the necessity of good breeds. The Toulouse and Embdem are the favorite market varieties.

Nearly all who seek pure breeds of poultry inquire, "Which breed produces the best layers?" The fact is there is not the difference of a dozen eggs in a year between the best and the least, but there is a great difference in the hardiness of breeds. The best layers are not the hardiest.

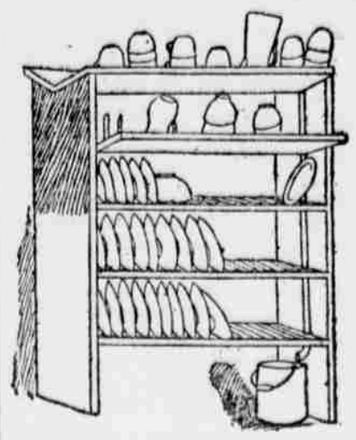
To succeed with the turkeys all that is required is good healthy vigorous stock and a little painstaking care with the young birds for the first week or two after they are hatched, after which they will take care of themselves and will need little or no food until time to fatten them in the fall.

Numerous methods of preserving eggs are in use. The idea of all of this is to keep air out the egg, as by such absence of oxygen decay can be arrested for a considerable length of time, especially if the eggs are perfectly fresh at the start and are kept in a cool dark place. The standard method most used by speculators and dealers, is to put the eggs in lime water.

NEWS FOR THE DISHWASHER.

She Need No Longer Waste Time in Drying Her Crockery.

One of the newest ideas pertaining to the kitchen is a rack for drying crockery, as shown in the illustration. Wiping is entirely unnecessary. As a rule, only plates have been dried by merely draining, but this rack allows a complete tea or dinner set to be so dried. It is stated that over 100 pieces can be dried on a rack standing on a



Rack for Drying Crockery.

floor space of one square foot. The device is so arranged that one piece cannot drip into another. The drainage is caught and carried to a receiver. Any carpenter can make it the required size. This ingenious invention will save the housewife quite a little work, which is not the most agreeable in the world.

GARDEN AND ORCHARD.

An experienced gardener recommends putting a toad in the hotbed to hold insects in check.

The man who goes on the market with anything of a superior quality, or excellence makes ready sales and a profit.

Radish is a hard plant. The seeds germinate quickly, and the young plants start off at once, providing a supply on rich soil in a few weeks. Kale is another hardy plant, and the seed may be planted very early.

It is thought that with the fungicides now at command hot house grapes could be successfully grown out of doors in moderate climates. The mildew of the foliage and the rot of the fruit have been the chief obstacles heretofore.

Waterproof paper, which may be used for protection to plants, is obtained by soaking manilla paper in a solution made by dissolving shellac in hot borax water. That is, the borax is dissolved in hot water, and the shellac added, to any consistency desired.

Dead branches should be removed from all large fruit trees, and, a writer says, cut back to the sound, healthy wood with a saw, afterward smoothing the wounded part with a sharp chisel, and applying a coat of paint similar in color to the bark of the tree.

Aside from the question of increased productiveness, the quality of fruit from trees well fertilized is enough better to repay the cost. If grass is allowed to grow, top dress with stable manure and turn in the sheep to keep the herbage down. If carefully cultivated the fertilizer will better reach the roots than if put to grass.

It is better to prevent blights upon the foliage of fruit trees by spraying with the Bordeaux mixture where they are even anticipated, but even after the foliage is affected the sprayings stop the injury where it is, preventing any further spreading. We hardly yet appreciate the values of these mixtures.

The New England Farmer has been studying the question and devoting much space to the shipment of apples abroad. A valuable point brought out is that the best quality of fruit, each specimen of which is carefully wrapped in paper and shipped in boxes of certain dimensions nets the shippers at the rate of $1 a barrel more than when shipped in barrels. This point is worthy of the attention of fruit growers.

It has been found that various compounds of copper, zinc, sulphur, iron, etc., will destroy the spores of all fungi with which they may be brought in contact, and by thoroughly spraying the plants with these materials the spread of the disease can be prevented in many cases. Most of the fungi pass the winter upon the stems or the fallen leaves and fruit, and only await favorable conditions for germination. Careful experiments have shown that in order to hold the diseases in check early applications of fungicides are desirable.

Care of Rose Bushes.

Cut back the rose bushes so as to get more new wood. They can stand considerable shortening and will be benefited thereby. Rose bushes will not thrive on grass plots. They must be on rich land and kept clean of grass and weeds, while the soil should be loosened slightly on the surface occassionally. They should not be cultivated too much. Simply keep the ground clean.

Plants and Soil.

Analysis of the soil positively determines the fact that there is an imprgenation of tannin about the roots of the oak; an acid, resinous matter about laurel roots; that the poppy exudes a substance from its rootlets similar to opium. Just so will plants growing in water soon make that water turbid and partaking of their principles.

Sowing Seed.

Seed should be covered. It is true that clover seed, sown on the snow and allowed to remain on the surface of the ground, grows and makes a good stand sometimes, but it is safe to claim that the large portion of the seed never germinates and is lost. If grass seed is to be sown on lawns the surface should be scratched with a harrow, seeded and rolled.

HER MIND WAS ELSEWHERE.

And Yet They Tell Us the Dear Things Want to Vote.

A stylish and refined looking woman got into a Broadway car recently. Seating herself in a comfortable position, she gazed with placid countenance on those about her. "Fare, please!" recalled her to stern reality. With a confident air she put her hand in her pocket—horror! nothing there but a hairpin! Madly she thrust her hand inside her mysteriously made bodice—nothing! Her face assumed an almost tragic fear as she gasped, "Oh, I have lost it!"

"Lost what?" gruffly asked the conductor.

"My purse," she moaned.

"Isn't that it?" and he pointed to a neat little leather case lying innocently on her lap.

"Ah, so it is. Oh, dear, how very stupid!" Picking it up, she handed him a brand-new dollar from its contents. "I am sorry to have kept you waiting so long," she apologized. The passengers smiled, the woman blushed, and the conductor stepped out on the platform to make change. In a moment he returned and handed it to her, and his features had gone back to that indifferent, cold stare of a thoroughbred horse car conductor. Thanking him humbly, she began counting it. Over and over she counted that money, each time her face becoming more and more puzzled. Once more she tried, but with the same result. Flushing into an angry look, she beckoned him to "come hither."

"Sir, did I not give you one dollar?"

"You did, mum," replied he.

"Well, there are but ninety-five cents here!" And she almost threw the silver at him.

"And did ye expect to ride free? What's the matter wid ye?"

"Oh—my—of course—what AM I thinking about—I forgot the fare—I hope"—but her voice faded away as she noticed the suppressed laughter of the passengers, while the conductor scratched his chin and wondered when "them things would vote."—Life.

MY SISTERS,

I Send You Comforting Words.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

"For years I had suffered from falling of the womb, inflammation of the stomach, and weakness of the female organs.

"I used *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, and found a perfect cure in it for these troubles.

"I am now going through the change of life, and taking the Compound. I find it strengthens me, and does much good. If Every woman at this stage of life would take it, they would find much relief." —MRS. LIZZIE DECLINE, 224 Grand Street, Jersey City, N. J.

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It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

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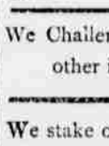

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What Dr. MacTaggart

HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure. When you suffer from such *consult* HIM (consultation is free), have him thoroughly diagnose your case, and then what he tells you can be relied upon as a fact beyond refutation. Some may say, "Why go to Dr. MacTaggart when we have as good doctors here as anywhere?" Yes, so you have in their line of practice, but *not* in those specialties that Dr. MacTaggart is schooled and practiced in. In support of this unqualified assertion read his testimonials—not only read them, but investigate the truthfulness of them. Where are the physicians who can remove cancers without pain and cure it beyond peradventure? He does it. Where can you find another physician in Pennsylvania who can remove tumors of even 60 pounds weight without the use of the knife, without pain, and without leaving a scar? Dr. MacTaggart does it. What physician can cure fistulas without cutting or causing the least pain or soreness during treatment? Dr. MacTaggart does it successfully. These are golden truths—*golden* because it proves beyond dispute that the science of medicine in specialties particularly, is advancing with rapid strides far in the lead of the regular practioner. 1-18-1y.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 12, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 5.00 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.25 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.30 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.50, 3.27, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 12.06 1.37, 3.36, 6.23.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., (Saturdays only 1.30), 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45, p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.00, 7.45, 9.00 a. m. 3.15 and 5.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.15 a. m. and 4.32 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 4.00, 5.15, 8.00 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

SOUTH.— **B. & S. R. R.** —NORTH

ARRIVE a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.	STATIONS.	a m	p m	p m	p m	LEAVE a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsburg	8.30	2.40	6.40	6.10	
7.08	11.35	6.26	2.31	" P. & R.	8.33	2.42	6.44	6.13	
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.28	" Main st.	8.35	2.44	6.47		
		6.20	2.24	Irondale		2.47	6.50	6.25	
6.53	11.23	6.12	2.20	Paper Mill	8.44	2.54	6.58	6.37	
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	Light St.	8.47	2.56	7.02	6.50	
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10	
6.29	11.01	5.48	1.35	Forks	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35	
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	Zaner's	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.43	
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00	
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40	
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.35	Edson's	9.26	3.45	7.44	8.50	
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	Coe's Cr'k	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53	
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	Sugarloaf	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00	
5.53	10.32	5.18	12.20	Laubach	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10	
5.43	10.23	5.08	12.05	Central	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.30	
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jam. City	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40	
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE									ARRIVE

THE COLUMBIA KITCHEN SPOON

for dipping Ice Cream, Puddings, Batter, Mashed Potatoes, and anything that sticks to the bowl. No extra knife or spoon needed to clean it. Every housekeeper will be delighted with it. Agents wanted. Sample by mail, Tinned, 30c.; Nickle Plated, 50c.

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Lightning, Fire and Storm Proof

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Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, '95.

STATIONS.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Sunday
Scranton (D. & H.)	.....	† 9 38	† 9 38	† 6 10		Sunday
Pittston " "	.....	10 10	† 9 50	† 6 20	5 29	
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre	lv	† 7 25	10 15	† 3 17	† 6 10	4 40
Plym'th Ferry	"	† 7 30	10 [illegible]	† 3 22	† 6 05	4 45
Nanticoke	"	7 40	10 3	3 29	6 18	5 00
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	10 [illegible]	3 47	6 35	5 21
Wapwallopen	"	8 11	11 0	3 57	6 47	5 32
Nescopeck	ar	8 18	11 7	4 08	6 58	5 42
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Pottsville	lv	† 6 00	† 9 05	† 1 50	.....	.....
Hazleton	"	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 30	11 25	3 22	.....	.....
Fern Glen	"	7 38	11 34	3 [illegible]	.....	.....
Rock Glen	"	7 44	11 40	† 3 39	.....	.....
Nescopeck	ar	8 01	.....	4 08	.....	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Nescopeck	lv	† 8 23	† 11 11	† 4 08	.....	5 43
Creasy	"	8 33	Via	4 17	.....	5 53
Espy Ferry	"	† 8 43	Rock	† 4 27	.....	† 6 04
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....	6 08
			P. M.			
Catawissa	ar	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....	6 14
Catawissa	lv	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....	6 14
Riverside	"	9 14	12 37	4 57	.....	6 33
Sunbury	"	9 35	1 00	5 20	.....	7 08
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	† 9 58	† 1 35	† 5 40	.....	† 9 25
Lewisburg	ar	10 29	2 08	6 15	.....	.....
Milton	"	10 44	2 23	6 30	.....	9 52
Williamsport	"	11 15	3 00	7 00	.....	10 40
Lock Haven	"	12 20	4 10	8 00	.....	.....
Renovo	"	P. M.	5 15	9 40	.....	.....
Kane	"	.....	9 15	.....	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	† 9 48	† 1 50	† 5 20	.....	† 8 17
Harrisburg	ar	11 30	3 30	7 10	.....	10 00
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Philadelphia	ar	† 3 00	† 6 13	11 15	.....	† 4 30
Baltimore	"	† 3 10	† 6 25	10 40	.....	† 6 20
Washington	"	† 4 30	† 7 30	.....	.....	† 7 40
		A. M.	P. M.			
Sunbury	lv	10 05	† 2 25	.....	.....	.....
		P. M.				
Lewistown Jc	ar	12 05	† 4 25	.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg	"	† 8 10	11 50	.....	.....	.....
Harrisburg	lv	.....	P. M. † 3 50	P. M. 7 30	.....	P. M. † 7 55
				A. M.		P. M.
Pittsburg	ar	.....	11 30	2 00	.....	† 7 15

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

						Daily
Pittsburg	lv	P. M. † 7 00	P. M. † 3 10	.....	A. M. † 8 00	P. M. † 8 10
Harrisburg	ar	A. M. † 2 10	A. M. † 8 30	.....	P. M. † 3 10	A. M. † 3 30
Pittsburg	lv	.....	A. M.	.....	A. M. † 8 05	.....
Lewistown Jc.	"	.....	† 7 31	.....	P. M. † 3 00	.....
Sunbury	ar	.....	† 9 28	.....	† 5 00	.....
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Washington	lv	10 40	.....	.....	10 30	.....
Baltimore	"	11 50	4 45	.....	12 40	4 45
Philadelphia	"	11 20	4 30	.....	12 25	4 33
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg	lv	† 3 30	8 15	.....	† 3 55	8 15
Sunbury	ar	† 5 08	9 56	.....	† 5 35	9 56
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Erie	lv	† 3 25	.....	.....	.....	† 3 25
Kane	"	7 05	.....	.....	† 6 30	7 05
Renova	"	10 35	.....	.....	10 25	10 35
Lock Haven	"	11 25	† 7 15	.....	11 20	11 25
		A. M.			P. M.	A. M.
Williamsport	"	3 25	8 15	.....	4 00	3 25
Milton	"	4 12	9 10	.....	4 56	4 12
Lewisburg	"	.....	9 00	.....	4 47	.....
Sunbury	ar	4 36	9 38	.....	5 25	4 36
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Sunbury	lv	† 5 25	10 00	.....	† 5 43	10 00
Riverside	"	5 48	10 22	.....	6 07	10 20
Catawissa	"	6 08	10 40	.....	6 26	10 42
E. Bloomsburg	"	Via	10 48	.....	6 33	10 48
Espy Ferry	"	Rock	† 10 52	.....	† 6 38	† 10 52
Creasy	"	Glen	11 01	.....	6 48	11 01
Nescopeck	ar	8 04	11 11	.....	6 58	11 11
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	
Nescopeck	lv	.....	† 11 11	.....	† 6 58	.....
Rock Glen	ar	† 6 52	† 11 37	.....	7 22	.....
Fern Glen	"	6 59	11 43	.....	7 27	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 10	11 54	.....	7 34	.....
			P. M.			
Hazleton	"	7 34	12 15	.....	7 56	.....
Pottsville	"	8 45	1 22	.....	9 05	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Nescopeck	lv	† 8 04	† 11 11	† 4 08	† 6 58	11 11
Wapwallopen	ar	8 16	11 22	4 20	7 10	11 22
Mocanaqua	"	8 26	11 32	4 32	7 22	11 32
Nanticoke	"	8 46	11 54	4 53	7 44	11 54
			P. M.			P. M.
Plym'th Ferry	"	8 54	12 02	5 01	7 53	12 02
Wilkesbarre	"	9 00	12 10	5 10	8 00	12 10
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....
Pittston (D. & H.)	ar	† 9 36	† 12 49	† 5 41	† 8 39	.....
Scranton " "		10 05	1 16	6 08	9 03	.....

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	8 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron	8 49	.....	.....	6 08
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 58	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 10	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert	7 17	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 25	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy	7 33	2 43	....	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 40	2 50	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 44	2 54	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 58	3 04	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven	8 04	3 10	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 10	3 17	....	7 19
Shickshinny	8 20	3 29	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's	8 30	3 39	....	7 47
Nanticoke	8 37	3 46	11 49	7 54
Avondale	8 41	3 51	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 43	3 56	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 49	4 00	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 54	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett	8 58	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	9 00	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 05	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston	9 10	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 14	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston	9 17	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea	9 20	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	.....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 55	1 30	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 04	1 40	6 12
Lackawanna	6 18	10 21	1 48	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 14	1 51	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 18	1 56	6 33
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 21	2 00	6 35
West Pittston	6 35

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance. All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1895.

Candidates.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
MORDECAI MILLARD,
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

A non-partisan judiciary is a desirable thing, but those republican journals that are now advising Luzerne county democrats to nominate a republican to succeed Judge Rice, Judges Woodward and Lynch being democrats, forget the inexcusable grab that a republican legislature has just made by passing a bill creating the Superior Court in such shape that the democrats get but one Judge out of seven. Is this what they call a non-partisan judiciary?

Governor Hastings has blundered again. By his dilly-dallying with the Normal School appropriation bill, he has endangered the very life of some of these schools. The bill provides an appropriation of $10,000 a year, for two years, to each of the thirteen schools in the state. The Governor first vetoed the bill and filed his reasons therefor last Saturday, and on Monday he approved the bill, under an agreement with the several schools that they would not draw more than half of the appropriation until after June 1, 1897, an unnecesary agreement, as that is the provision in the bill itself. The question is now raised that the Governor having first vetoed the bill, he cannot again resuscitate it by his approval. If the Auditor General and State Treasurer shall refuse to pay these sums to the schools under these circumstances, each school will lose $20,000, and it will seriously cripple many of them, and may close some of them. And this Governor is the same Daniel H. Hastings who when he was a candidate last year, stood on the platform in the Auditorium of the Bloomsburg Normal School and publicly proclaimed that he would like to see the state appropriate enough money to enable these schools to educate every young man and woman free of expense.

Governor Hastings is entitled to credit when he is right, and his veto of the Woods water bill, the purpose of which was to prevent competition by boroughs and cities with existing companies for the supply of water, is most commendable. The bill was in substance as follows:

No city or borough shall hereafter construct any pipe, conduit or duplicate system of distributing for the supply of water, or cause or procure the same to be done, or supply or cause water to be supplied through any pipe or conduit hereafter constructed in or along any street or highway or part thereof along which water is at the time supplied to the public through any pipe or conduit by any person or company lawfully authorized.

The approval of this law would have given water companies a monopoly in the water supply.

His veto of the electric light bills, one of which gave existing companies the exclusive franchise in cities, boroughs and townships and the other excluded municipalities from supplying electric lights either for public purposes or for the use of private citizens without first purchasing the plant and franchises of all existing electric light corporations, are also highly commendable.

Hot Shot for the Governor.

DECLARED TO BE THE PREY OF A SET OF POLITICAL WOLVES.

A furious time is brewing among voters and citizens generally in Pittsburg over Hastings' approval of the Kennedy School Garb bill. T. D. Kellar, of the Central Board, says:

"Language is not comprehensible enough to express my disgust at the action of the Governor. The Kennedy school bills are absolutely indefensible, either on public or political grounds, and it is my opinion that this is the climax of an indisputable prostitution of the highest office in the State to the rapacious attacks of a set of political wolves. None of the many grievous errors of judgment and political advisability made by Governor Hastings will do more to render him unpopular than this Kennedy school bill, although I do think that by the time he is through with one term, he will not have friends enough to elect him to a ward office. The board has not yet decided what legal action will be taken to test the constitutionality of the bills."

COMPROMISE WITH NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Governor Hastings' Action.

HE ASKS THE SCHOOLS TO AGREE TO DRAW NOT MORE THAN 50 PER CENT. OF THE MONEY BEFORE JUNE 1, 1897—BILLS VETOED AND APPROVED.

With the exception of the bill making a special appropriation of $260,000 to the State Normal Schools, Governor Hastings and his Cabinet and the hard worked clerks in the Executive Department were last Saturday relieved of all further care over the bills left when the Legislature adjourned. There were 468 bills left in the Governor's hands, among them the electric light and water bills, the religious garb and Quay County measures, and others of equal importance. Many days were passed in hearing argument and many nights in consultation.

Chief Clerk Gearhart, who has averaged four hours' sleep per night since June 8, has made out the following table of comparisons:—

Bills approved 1895, 485; bills approved 1893, 371; excess, 113. The highest number before this year since the Constitution of 1874 was in 1893. Bills vetoed before adjournment, 24; bills vetoed after adjournment, 96; partial vetoes, 5; total, 125; vetoed in 1893 before adjournment, 25; after adjournment, 48; total, 73; resolutions signed 1895, 68; resolutions signed 1893, 43; excess, 25. One resolution was vetoed this year.

The announcement that the Governor proposed to veto the special appropriation of $260,000 to the State Normal Schools had quite a lively effect on the managers of these institutions, and the Governor was soon in receipt of communications by telephone and telegraph, telling him that to refuse this special appropriation at this time would mean disaster to the schools. The situation was grave, but the Governor met it with a proposition which he submitted by telegraph to the several State Normal Schools. It is as follows:—

"The depleted revenues of the State have compelled me to reduce the appropriations over a million and a half dollars. This is the sole reason for vetoing appropriation to the normal schools. If your normal school will agree not to draw more than fifty per cent. of the appropriation until the end of the fiscal year, June 1, 1897, and the remainder afterwards, I perhaps could give my approval to the measure, with the understanding that if the revenues increase so that the total can be paid before that time it shall be done. Please see your normal school authorities and wire me answer promptly. I must have answer at once.

(Signed) "DANIEL H. HASTINGS."

Subsequently the Governor made the following statement: "I have had much difficulty in determining upon what appropriations the different institutions could stand in order to pass through the coming two years without State assistance. The appropriations made by the Legislature have been vastly more than the revenues of the State will warrant according to the best judgment of the fiscal authorities of the State after the most earnest and painstaking consideration. I have approved the one measure which has already appropriated the sum of $260,000 for the education of the teachers of the normal schools. This bill appropriates a similar sum of $260,000 and the thirteen normal schools are without any limitation whatever upon the use of money so appropriated.

"Our public school system is the pride of all our citizens and the appropriations made for its support are extremely liberal, amounting to $11,000,000. The last Legislature appropriated more than one-half of the estimated revenues of the State during the same two years. Taking into consideration, therefore, the large appropriations to the common schools and the appropriation already referred to, $260,000 for the education of teachers in the normal schools, it seemed to me that under the existing financial conditions to withhold my approval from the latter measure appropriating $260,000 would be just.

"The falling off of the public revenues and the estimate of the fiscal officers of the State have made it obligatory upon the Executive to reduce by veto the appropriations to a very large extent. It has been extremely difficult and embarrassing to determine just what bills should receive Executive sanction and what should meet with disapproval. True financial policy demands that the expenditures of the State should be kept within the amount of its receipts.

"A large number of charitable institutions are dependent entirely upon the State for their existence and others have for years been maintained in part by the State. In passing upon the various appropriation bills of the session of 1895 I have deemed it wise as far as possible to approve all bills appropriating moneys for the maintenance of our asylums and hospitals. Bills appropriating money to many worthy educational institutions of the State have been disapproved solely because the finances of the State would not at this time permit the expenditure.

"Fearing to cripple in any degree the ordinary institutions for the education of the youth of the State, I have felt disposed to communicate with the thirteen Normal Schools suggesting the proposition of ascertaining whether, if this appropriation of $130,000 per year for two years were postponed at least until June 1, 1897, they could carry on their ordinary work, because if the revenues under the promise of reviving business conditions shall warrant the payment of these appropriations before June 1, 1897, the embarrassment could be relieved. The payment of any part of the appropriation before that time would insure the validity of the payment of the remainder after that time. In the meantime, the next session of the Legislature will have come and gone and the present embarrassment may be relieved.

"At all events, it will be within the control of the next session of the Legislature. My fear that the normal schools may be crippled, has led me to the suggestion, but at the same time I am unwilling to place the State in the position of being compelled to refuse the payment of any warrant drawn upon its Treasury by the authority of the Legislature.

"I expect to hear from the normal school authorities by Monday next, which is the last day that I have for disposing of the bills left me by the Legislature."

Deputy Collector Craig Resigns.

William Craig, deputy collector of internal revenue at Scranton, has handed his resignation to Collector Herring and it has been accepted and will go into effect at once. Mr. Craig's resignation is the result of the most bitter fight that has ever been indulged in among the democrats of Lackawanna. Mr. Craig was a protege of ex Sheriff Robinson for years past the undisputed leader of the democratic party of Lackawanna. After Mr. Herring's appointment Mr. Robinson had Mr. Craig created a deputy revenue collector, although a determined fight was waged against his appointment by many of the prominent democrats of the county. Last spring Colonel E. J. Fitzsimmons, who for years has been one of ex Sheriff Robinson's closest friends, charged Mr. Craig with demanding money to support democratic candidates and with many other offenses. This was done through the columns of the paper of which Colonel Fitzsimmons is the editor, and resulted in Mr. Craig twice assaulting the Colonel and getting a badly-discolored eye during the fracas.

Then the Colonel in an open letter to Collector Herring demanded the removal of Mr. Craig on specific charges which if true were sufficient grounds. The charges were repeated again and again, and recently they were brought to the attention of Mr. Miller, head of the revenue department, and other prominent officials.

Collector Herring in speaking about the resignation, said: "Mr. Craig told me he resigned because he did not want to involve me in a personal quarrel which he had with E. J. Fitzsimmons. Mr. Fitzsimmons had been abusing me for several weeks, and Mr. Craig did not care to have it continued while I was away from home and unable to defend myself. I consider this conduct of Mr. Craig very magnanimous, but I wish it understood that he does not leave on account of any misconduct in office.

The effort of the city of Philadelphia to raise $1,000,000 by the sale of 3 per cent. bonds resulting in the taking of only a little over $200,000, is a good sign. It shows that the revival in business has made money worth more than 3 per cent and that there are other avenues in which it can be invested where it will bring a higher rate of interest.

The Democratic State Convention will be held in Williamsport on September 11.

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OF

Hood's Sarsaparilla

You smile at the idea. But if you are a sufferer from

Dyspepsia

And Indigestion, try a bottle, and before you have taken half a dozen doses, you will involuntarily think, and no doubt exclaim,

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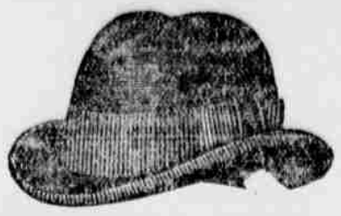
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR,



AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

Normal School Bill Signed.

GOVERNOR HASTINGS GIVES EXECUTIVE APPROVAL TO THE APPROPRIATION.

The Governor on Monday approved the bill appropriating $260,000 to the Normal schools of Pennsylvania, notwithstanding the fact that he on Saturday vetoed it, and filed reasons for his action. Not only did the Governor supply arguments for the disapproval of the bill, but they were filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the bill was among the large number incorporated in the proclamation read by the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Barnett from the steps of the Capitol on Saturday noon.

The signing of the bill under these circumstances is a proceeding which has probably never had a parallel in this state, and the opinion of good lawyers is that it has no legal force, and that the Auditor General and State Treasurer take a great risk in honoring demands for money under it. Bills have received the signature of the Governor, which did not pass the Legislature, and have become operative, because no one raised the point of their legality, but in this case the evidence of the Governor having knocked the life out of the normal school appropriation by a veto is on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and can be readily obtained.

In his endeavor to resuscitate vetoed legislation and breathe life into it the Governor has assumed functions only possessed by the Legislature. There are grave doubts if the thirteen normal schools in the State will get the $260,000 appropriated by the bill which the Governor approved. Two other bills first vetoed and then signed by the Governor are not of much importance, and will provoke no antagonism.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, issued on the 8th day of July, A. D., 1895, and to me directed, will be sold at public vendue on the premises in the town of Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1895,

AT 1 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON,

all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of the estate and heirs of William Wright, deceased, and of the estate and heirs and legatees of Mary Clayton, deceased, both late of Bloomsburg in the said county and state, in all the following mentioned real estate situated in Bloomsburg, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Situate on East now Iron street and an alley, and running thence along said alley northeastwardly 214.6 feet to an alley, thence along said last mentioned alley northwestwardly 40 feet to a post, thence southwestwardly 214.6 feet to Iron street aforesaid, and thence along said Iron street 40 feet to the place of beginning, containing

31½ PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame stable and outbuildings.

ALSO, A piece of vacant land lying on First street in said town, beginning on the east side of a twenty feet alley and said First street, and running along said street northeastwardly about 192 feet, thence southeastwardly about 180 feet to the Snyder property line, thence along a twelve feet alley as plotted southeastwardly about 192 feet to the said twenty feet alley, and thence northwestwardly along said alley about 189 feet to First street, the place of beginning.

NOTE:—This piece of ground will be offered in town lots of 48 feet front on First street and running to the said twelve feet alley, as per plot of the same, and will also be offered as above described, in one piece, and sold in such parcels as shall seem best for the estate.

ALSO, a three cornered lot lying along the said twelve feet alley 174 feet, and along the Snyder property line 195 feet to a point, and at the west end in width 81 feet.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, and the remaining two-thirds in one year after confirmation nisi, with interest from that date.

The purchase money must be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, and the buildings must be insured to the amount of one thousand dollars, for the security of the estate.

Possession of the vacant lots will be given on payment of the one-third of the purchase money and the delivery of the mortgage security for the remainder thereof.

Possession of the house and lot will be given subject to a lease expiring April 1st, 1896, on payment of one-third of the purchase money, with mortgage and insurance on the premises.

Deeds will be made and delivered on compliance with the above terms. The purchaser shall pay for the conveyancing and securities required.

FRANK PURSEL, Trustee.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Atty for heirs of Wm. Wright.
LITTLE & ROBISON, Atty for children of Mary Clayton.
JOHN M. CLARK, Atty for trustee making sale.
July 12-ts.

MID-SUMMER CLEARING SALE!

Our second annual mid-summer clearing sale is now on, and all the more to your advantage. We do not want the goods; may be you don't, but if we can make it an object for you to buy by making the prices right, why not save money?

Figured Lawns.

We commence here, and for coolness and neatness, these, the prettiest of summer dress goods have been all of them reduced, but we mention one set of them, the 12½c. ones, to 10c. yd.

Plisse.

These are the newest of new goods just out this year, and were considered the cheapest summer goods at the original cost of 15c., but here they go, your pick for 12½c.

Muslin Underwear.

Do not think we have stopped selling underwear because you have not heard anything of it of late from us. We still have some left and they are a great bargain at the prices—15, 25, 50 and 75c.

Sardines.

Have you tried our sardines put up in genuine olive oil? One box will do for two for a meal at 12½c.

French boneless at 35c., and others at 14 and 18c.

Pickles.

A most general article for summer use. We have them now at 10c. the dozen, and bottled from 10 to 35c. Sweet pickles by the bottle, 25 and 35c. By the quart 15c.

Olives.

Just received, loose olives, XXX Queen, just the same as you will pay 50c. the bottle for. We can now sell you at 30c. qt.

PURSEL & HARMAN,

Bloomsburg, Pa

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1895,

At 10 o'clock a. m.,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of Reuben Kester, Edward Hartman and Wm. Heacock, on the east by lands of Wesley Morris, on the south by lands of Wesley Morris and Sarah Patton, and on the west by lands of Daniel Wellfver, Henry McEwen and George Dieffenbach, containing

93 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn, shed, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Charles R. Funston and Frank E. Diehl now to use of Edward Corman vs. Peter Diehl and Elmer E. Diehl, and to be sold as the property of Peter Diehl.

J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

ANGLE, Atty. July 12, '95.

KOMBI, ¼ size. Price $3.50.

FOTOGRAPHS
ALL SIZES, NEW STYLES.
Ralph G. Phillips,
Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hotel.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
PHILLIPS sells the KOMBI.
7-12-1y.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Telephone connection.

Having procured the services of E. H. Froelich, an expert watch maker and hand engraver, all goods purchased of me will be engraved free of charge. I am also better prepared to do watch, clock and jewelry repairing than ever before. A new and complete optical outfit has been added, and glasses are adjusted and fitted free of charge.

J. G. Wells,

Jeweler and Optician,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

PROPOSALS FOR REBUILDING ABUTMENTS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Commissioners' office in Bloomsburg, Pa. until Saturday, July 13th, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, for rebuilding the abutments of the Pensyl bridge in Franklin township. Bids for the masonwork to be by the perch, and for the excavating to be by the yard. All stone to be of good size and quality, to be well bedded and laid in good mortar of sharp sand and lime, and all work to be approved by the Commissioner. Bidders to have the right to use what stone that are suitable, that are on the ground. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Contractor to raise bridge so that it will be more convenient to work.

Commissioner's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., June 27, 1895. J. G. TWANK, G. M. IKELER, W. H. UTT. } Com.

Attest:—C. M. TERWILLIGER, Clerk. 7-5-2t.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

OUR CLUB OFFERS.

Every subscriber, new or old, who pays one full year in advance, will receive free for one year *The American Farm News.*

THE COLUMBIAN and the *Philadelphia Weekly Times* for one year for $1.40.

THE COLUMBIAN and the *New York World* twice a week, for $1.75. This is a great combination, one of the best we ever offered. The twice a week *World* contains twelve pages of the news of the world. It is the best value ever offered for the money. Try it. tf.

Spring chickens sold in market on Thursday for 50 to 65 cents a pair.

The Golf Cap latest out at Gidding's.

Stephen H. Wolf of Nanticoke, a former resident of Mifflin township, died on the 28th ult. aged 75 years.

Editor Smith, of the Benton *Argus*, will run his annual excursion to Atlantic City on August 22.

Gidding is selling all summer clothing at cost.

The old Liberty bell will be taken from Philadelphia to the Atlanta Exposition next September.

A third daughter was born to the President and Mrs. Cleveland at Buzzards Bay, last Sunday.

It is probable that the state treasurer will not pay out the appropriation to public schools before next February.

Gidding is selling all summer clothing at cost.

The town election on the increase of indebtedness will be held next Tuesday. The ordinance printed on the 7th page of this paper fully explains the matter.

B. W. Jury was married to Miss Katie Crist on July 2nd, at Norristown. They returned home on the 4th, and were warmly welcomed by a band of calithumpians.

The Golf Cap latest out at Gidding's.

W. B. Ferguson's brick factory is working on big orders. An order of 400,000 was shipped to Wilkes-Barre this week, and a contract for 400,000 was made with James Magee on Monday.

Dr. Redeker who has been attending The Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Physicians, making a special study of Diseases of the Ear, Nose, and Throat, has returned and permanently located in Bloomsburg.

The *Daily Local* of Ashland has been enlarged to a six column paper, and improved in its general appearance. It is edited by J. H. James Esq. and is a bright and newsy sheet, We offer congratulations on its apparent success.

Washable knee pants 15c. at Gidding's.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

The duplicates for 1895 are now in my hands for collection." All dog, state, county and school taxes paid before Saturday August 14th, a reduction of five percentum will be allowed. I will be at the office of Guy Jacoby Esq., over Post Office on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August, 15, 16 and 17 and Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 22, 23, and 24 between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon to receive taxes.

J. K. BITTENBENDER, Collector.
6-28-4t. 123 West Fifth St.

There will be a festival at Mordansville on Saturday evening 13th. All are invited.

Mrs. Adam C. Mensch of Centralia, died on the 4th inst. aged 45 years. Her husband and seven children survive. Interment took place on Tuesday.

Isaac W. Oman of Orange township, and Miss Sarah E. Power of Moreland township, Lycoming county, were married on June 27th, at the residence of Robert S. Oman, by Rev. N. B. Smith of Orangeville.

Mahlon Hamlin, an old resident of Catawissa, died last week Monday, and was buried on Friday. His age was 68 years. His second wife, and four children by his first wife survive him.

Judge C. E. Rice of Wilkes-Barre who has just been appointed President Judge of the new Superior Court, was a teacher in the Bloomsburg Literary Institute in 1867, and was registered as a law student in the office of Col. J. G. Freeze.

Louis Bernhard, Carl Bernhard, Karl F. Wirt, Charley Miller, Paul Harman, Elwood Harrar and Harold Neal, constituting the Nimrod Camping Club are located along the creek this side of Orangeville. This is their fifth annual encampment.

Some excitement was created in town on Saturday by the report that a mad dog was running through the streets. Three dogs on East street were bitten, and their owners killed them. The supposed mad dog was shot near Oak Grove on Sunday morning.

Mrs. B. Stohner has purchased the Central Hotel from Mrs. May Butler for $18,000. She will take possession on April 1st, 1896, when the lease of the present proprietors, Messrs. Aurand & Sons, will expire. The sale was effected through J. S. Williams.

The Proctor Inn party last Monday night was a pronounced success. About sixty ladies and gentlemen were present. Music was furnished by Elwell's Orchestra, which as usual, was excellent. Landlord L. B. Howell provided a delicious supper, and all speak enthusiastically of the efforts made by him and his wife for their entertainment. The party reached home at 3 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

A buffalo in Pawnee Bill's circus which exhibited at Shenandoah became wild at the sight of Black Standing Hawk, an Apache, attired in red, white and blue, and as the Indian was approaching the buffalo with the intention of mounting him the enraged beast rushed upon the Indian and trampled and gored him in a frightful manner. The large audience became panic stricken, during which Pawnee Bill and his assistants lassoed the enraged bison. The buffalo was finally killed. The Indian will not recover. A number of cowboys were injured while aiding in lassoing the buffalo.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY FOR SALE.

The Dieffenbacher stand formerly Mrs. Phillips', on Main street, will be offered at public sale on Saturday morning, July 13, at ten o'clock, as a whole, including stock, fixtures and good will. If not sold in that way, it will be auctioned off piece by piece on Saturday afternoon and evening, by J. S. Williams, auctioneer. Mr. Dieffenbacher has other business that requires all his attention, in the south. This is a good stand, and should command ready sale.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Don't Grope in the Dark.

We have bicycle lanterns from $1.00 to $5.00, bells from 25c. to $1.50, luggage carriers, whistles, cement, chain lubricant and everything a wheelman needs.

A $150 Cleveland (good as new) $60.

This is a bargain.

Call and see me and I will save you money.

W. S. RISHTON,

Opposite Post Office. **Druggist.**

Some changes have been made in the management of the School Furnishing Company, made necessary by the resignation of A. Z. Schoch as general manager. At a recent meeting of the board of directors, F. P. Billmeyer was elected president, J. H. Aikman, general manager, and N. U. Funk, treasurer.

A transient party of dealers in clothing opened a sale in Dr. Evans' building, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, last Friday after taking out a mercantile license for which they paid the county treasurer seven dollars. Ordinance 46 of the town requires a payment of a license of $50 and in accordance therewith President Creasy made a demand on them for that amount. Payment was refused and the President committed them to jail. On Saturday they were brought before Judge Ikeler on a writ of habeas corpus, and on a deposit of $50 by agreement they were released until Friday when a hearing will be held. The case involves the question of the validity of the town ordinance.

THE FOURTH.

The Fourth passed off pleasantly although the number of people from other towns was not up to expectations. The parade was very good, the line extending from Market square to the Normal School. W. C. No. 319 P. O. S. of A. received the Bible prize for making the best appearance of any order in the procession. They turned out in good form, and each man carried a red, white and blue umbrella. The race between the Friendship and Winona fire companies was first awarded to the former, but this gave so much dissatisfaction that it was agreed to run it over again. This has not yet been done. The speech of Col. T. R. Martin of Wilkes Barre, was listened to and enjoyed by a large crowd of people. The rain which began to fall near the close of it, prevented H. A. McKillip Esq., from delivering his address.

Next Tuesday's Election.

The method proposed by the Town Council to provide for the payment of the town debts is the only feasible plan that could have been adopted. A defeat of the proposition at the election next Tuesday would lead to numerous law-suits against the town, a large bill of costs, a higher rate of interest than the bonds will draw, and the levying of a special tax for the payment of the debt. There will be two sets of tickets printed, one reading "Debt may be increased &c" and the other reading "No increase of debt." The tickets should be folded so that the words "Increase the debt" will appear on the outside. The election will be held at the usual polling places, and in the same manner as the regular town election.

A lengthy article which discusses the whole situation was printed in the *Daily* of Tuesday, and those desiring fuller information as to the purposes of the election, should read it.

Attention is also called to a communication in this paper today, which discusses some things not heretofore considered, and suggests the illegality of the proposed election.

Bloomsburg Bicycle Meet.

A bicycle club has been formed in our town known as the Bloomsburg Wheelmen, which proposes to give a Race Meet on the Fair Grounds on Saturday, August 17. An enthusiastic meeting was held at the Exchange Hotel on Tuesday evening, when the following officers were elected: President, J. G. Harman, Esq.; Secretary, W. S. Rishton; Treasurer, Geo. M. Tustin; Executive Committee, President, Secretary, Treasurer, H. S. Pohe, S. F. Peacock; Committee on Entries, G. P. Ringler, H. S. Pohe, W. S. Rishton; Committee on Prizes, J. R. Schuyler, A. H. Bloom, E. B. Tustin; Committee on Track, W. H. Eyer, Charles Rabb, W. H. Housel, Ed. Boone, J. R. Bidleman and T. J. Thomas; Committee on Printing and Advertising, J. S. Woods, W. H. Slate, T. J. Thomas.

The following program was adopted: One mile novice, one mile open, one mile town handicap, two mile handicap, two mile lap race, one half mile open, boys' race (under 16 years), five mile handicap, three county championship. (Columbia, Luzerne and Montour.)

The amount of prizes to be given will be decided at a meeting to be held on Friday evening, July 12, at the Exchange Hotel.

Applications for entry blanks can be had by addressing the members of the entry committee, or of W. S. Rishton, secretary. All wheelmen are urgently requested to co-operate with the various committees in making the meet a glorious success.

Homes Wanted.

The Bloom Poor Directors want good homes for three girls, ages 11, 13 and 15, with good, responsible parties, where they will be well taken care of and sent to school part of each year. Write or call on Isaiah Hagenbuch President of the board.

Gidding is selling all summer clothing at cost.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

12-28-1y. R. & Co.

Report of Sanitary Committee for June.

To the President and members of Bloomsburg Town Council.

Since our last report we have had many complaints against landlords and individuals for various nuisances, and without calling our committee together to go upon premises and investigate, (which is always unpleasant for both parties) we have decided and have practiced it, by sending the parties complained of, a written notice, stating the complaint, as far as we have knowledge all have made an effort or arrangements to have the nuisance removed. Our committee (as all other committees) are annoyed with complaints which are entirely out side of our duty, for instance, one will enter complaint of so and so running the water off his or her roof, which finds its way under his or her fence. These persons ought to know that there are thirty lawyers in Bloomsburg who are willing for "*jobs*" of this kind, and others complain of trifling matters which if the parties complained of were spoken to by them would willingly correct it, by removing or burning up such as apple or potato parings, etc., which in all cases should be done. Just here we would suggest it would be a good idea for the town to build a cremation furnace down about the *river* or *creek* and have all matters of that kind burned up. We have had complaints which we have reason to believe grew out of personal feelings, but as we are presumed not to know or show any favors in our duty have in every instance given a hearing and written the parties, free to say however if the "Golden Rule" was practiced in many instances it would very much relieve our committee from many unpleasant visits or notices. As we said in our last report so we repeat it, that the Sanitary conditions of our town are exceptionally good, there is a disposition on the part of the community even those who are in close quarters for room in their lots and houses, that it shall continue, by cleaning up and in a general way to have their premises tidy and clean. We have made special visits to the factories and find the proprietors have gone to considerable expense in having the sanitary arrangements in good condition. Whilst we are giving credit to some and condemning others, we would not screen some of the town officials. We recommend that some one be employed who will learn to turn off the water at the Market street fountain in a proper way, as nearly every morning a stream of water runs down as far as Correll's store, and through the day, when the hot sun comes upon it, and the other accumulations in the gutters, a bad and sickly oder is in the air arrising from it. Between Judge Elwell's and Mrs. Abram Fry's lot, in the alley, is a low place 75 feet long, when for days after a rain from 3 to 6 inches of water stands until it becomes green and the sun evaporates it. We are told there are many such spots over the town, which in hot July and sultry August must of necessity create sickness. Our attention has been called to Ordinance No. 29, Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5, upon examination we find that comes under the Health Committee's duty, however for the good of the community, we recommend to the Board the inforcement upon Physicians of placing cards upon doors where contagious or epidemic diseases exist and that no public funerals be held where persons die from diseases of that kind.

I. W. HARTMAN, Dr. T. C. HARTER, Dr. J. W. BRUNER, } Sanitary Committee.

Wood's Colleges Lead the Van.

Wood's Colleges in Scranton, Carbondale and Wilkes-Barre cover most thoroughly the Lackawanna and Wyoming Valleys. Nearly fourteen hundred scholarships were sold during the past year, making the schools the peer of the largest institutions in this country.

Experts say that the Wilkes-Barre College is the best equipped Business College in America. Over two hundred students registered the first thirty days.

Where Have You Been?

At CLARKS' Mid-Summer Clearing Sale of dress materials, shirt waists, separate dress skirts, outings, silks &c. Why, this lovely dimity was only 10c. yd., this handsome jack silk 38c., these nickle-plated shears 15c., and this moire silk dress skirt, lined all through with moire percaline, only $5.59. Look at the style of it, full godet back, full width, yet Clarks' sell it for $5.49. If you want one go at once as they only have a few yet. Its just the skirt to wear with your shirt waists. Why, they offer all wool ladies' 2 piece suits made in the latest styles of choice materials for $8.00. How much was the dress ginghams? 8c. yd., and they have a nice selection of them marked your choice, 8c. You can buy any of their dollar shirt waists for 85c. and a good waist for house wear at 15c. Just look at this black dress pattern I bought at Clarks' for 75c. yd., and its all wool. Why, do you know it will pay you to go to Clarks' at once. They are offering good English outing flannels at 8c. yd. Choice figured black mohairs at 35c. Those fine printed broche at 25c. yd. Fine Penang suitings 21c. Ladies' ribbed vests 5c., and a lot of 25c. ladies' vests at 19c. Wrappers, why, I would not make them for what they are selling them for. Good lawn wrappers at 85c. with deep ruffle around yoke, and those fine imported dimities at 16½c. yd. Do you know Clarks' are selling those fine duck suitings at 12½c. yd., those wash silks for 29c. yd., and a good silk waist ready to put on at $2.75? Children's 25c. bicycle hose, sizes 6 to 9 at 20c. pair, and muslin underwear at Clarks' prices, it will not pay you to make; it is well made. They have a new style corset cover with puffed sleeve. Good white skirts at 50c. Clarks' sell the Eighmie shirt for 75c., and if you want a good high grade counterpane you should see the $1.25 counterpane at Clarks'. You can get a real Venice point lace collar at Clark's clearing sale for 83c.; they have them at 31c. Did you ever try the Armorside corset that never breaks down on the sides? Clarks' have it. You can get those pelisses at Clarks' for 12½c. yd., just like the 15 and 18c. ones.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Many farmers are beginning to find out that they can do better at a cash store, and we have found out that we can do better with CASH. We have no book keeper to pay, no delivery man to pay, no extra clerk to weigh butter and count eggs, when Saturday night comes we know where the CASH is. Now for special cash sales during July of wash dress goods, &c. Lawns that were 10c. now 7½c. Sateens that were 12½c. now 10c. Crepons that were 15 and 18c. now 12½c. Nice light lawns 4½c. 10 pieces of fine printed Jaconette in stripe and figured just opened, with ribbons to match. Sell your produce in market for cash, and come see what we can do for you. New lot of table oil cloth 1¼ yd. wide, 12c. yd.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Estey Organs!
Estey Pianos!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Now is your time to purchase the Famous ESTY Organ and Piano.

For many years J. Saltzer has held the agency for the sale of these very reliable instruments in Columbia and Montour counties.

As an agent, he has been very successful in placing large numbers of organs, especially, in the homes of the good people of his district.

This agency, so long held by him, he has yielded, and it remains for us to continue our business relations with the people, either directly or indirectly through another agent.

At present, we propose to meet the people of this district, with whom Mr. Saltzer has been so intimately acquainted, and who have been so *well* and *faithfully* educated in regard to the *merits* and *real value* of our instruments, directly; and for a short season at least, give them the benefit of our reduced rates.

Therefore, all persons who are thinking, or who have been thinking of purchasing an organ or piano, are most cordially requested to call at our store—next door to Vanatta's paper store, Bloomsburg, Pa., and look over our stock of instruments, and get prices.

For the next thirty days we shall make special rates for cash and good notes, on our entire stock of organs and pianos.

We offer large inducements to would-be-purchasers of violins, accordians, banjos, guitars, harmonicas and jews harps—violin, banjo and guitar strings.

Also, *extra large inducements* to persons wishing to purchase *SHEET MUSIC.*

We have a large assortment of music on hand which we offer at 3 cts. per copy.

Come everybody, and see how well we can please you.

Estey & Bruce.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 5, 1895.

Secretary Morton believes that dollars and cents talk democratic economy more convincingly than any man can, and he lives up to his belief. At the close of his first complete fiscal year in charge of the Department of Agriculture the covered into the Treasury $627,115, which remained unexpended out of that year's appropriation. For the fiscal year which ended last Sunday he has made even a more pronounced saving. The total appropriation for last year was about $100,000 less than for the previous fiscal year, yet there remains unexpended about $700,000.

The removal of Prof. Harrington from the head of the Weather Bureau was not surprising to those who knew of the relations existing between that official and his immediate superior in office, Secretary Morton. He would have been removed long ago if Secretary Morton had not been disposed to look over his many acts of insubordination because of his acknowledged superior scientific acquirements, but there is a limit to all things and that limit was reached in this case several weeks ago. President Cleveland asked for Prof. Harrington's resignation and when that gentleman declined to submit it he dismissed him. That's all there is to tell. The attempt of Prof. Harrington and his personal friends to create the impression that he was a martyr to his devotion to the scientific work of the bureau and that he was removed because he objected to the removal of his skilled subordinates is too silly even for midsummer.

Capt. Howgate was this week sentenced to eight years in the penetentiary for embezzling government funds, but he will remain in the Washington jail until his appeal has been passed upon, which will be at the fall term of the court.

Senator Hill must be highly pleased with the movement started by Secretary Olney towards improving our consular service and making it the working partner of our commercial interests that it ought to be, by sending out consuls who are better qualified for their duties than many who are now in the service, as it has long been a subject of great interest to him. In a speech on the Naval appropriation bill, during the last session of Congress, Senator Hill, while commending the wise expenditure of large sums of money for the educating and training of boys to be naval officers, asked pertinently, "but what are we doing for educating and training those who are to be our diplomatic and consular agents?" Secretary Olney can count upon earnest support from Senator Hill, if any Congressional action shall be needed to carry out his idea for the improvement of the consular service.

Extremes will certainly meet, if the scheme, said to have originated with certain New England opponents of Reed, to boom Senator Chandler ("Little Billee") for the Vice Presidency on the Harrison ticket, shall be successful. Mr. Harrison, as everybody knows, belongs to the silk stocking, I am-holier-than-thou class of republicans, and his strongest card is his protessed piety, while "Little Billee," who has rejoiced in the title of chief blackguard of the Senate ever since he managed by ways devious and dark to break into that organization, is the champion and pal of that class of republicans which glories in its wickedness; its ability to pack a convention, wipe out an opposition majority by manipulation of the ballots cast—in short, its general cussedness. Such a ticket would harmonize quite as well as one composed of Bob Ingersoll and Dr. Talmadge, and would stand just about as much chance of being elected. "Little Billee" succeeded in corrupting the voters of New Hampshire to a sufficient extent to get himself in the Senate, but he will never succeed in becoming Vice President, or even in getting himself nominated for that office. "Little Billee" is very rich, although when he first came to Washington as a minor official of the government he was dead poor—as poor as John Sherman was at the beginning of his official career—but he doesn't turn loose his money willingly enough to obtain control of a republican national convention. It has never been "come easy and go easy" with his money, although the most of it came to him without any greater effort than was required to recognize the opportunities which came his way. But it is really ridiculous to treat seriously the idea of the nomination of such a man for Vice President.

REASON ON THIS.

You would call a man a fool to try to run an engine with a crooked piston-rod. Yet you are attempting that when you live with your system in a disordered condition. Whatever you may be mentally, you are physicially a machine. Nothing interests you more than keeping it in order. If your digestion is out of condition, or your kidneys are disordered, use Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, a medicine prepared by a famous physician, and endorsed by thousands of persons. 2t.

HOW OSCAR WILDE BEARS PRISON LIFE.

HE SWOONED ON THE TREADMILL AND WAS RELIEVED OF THAT WORK.

How is Oscar Wilde bearing the strain of his new life as a convict in dreary Pentonville Prison? That is the question often asked nowadays by thousands in London who were dogged or scandalized by his epigrams, said or written. It has come in the way of the present writer to find out something about it that can be relied upon, as it comes from the best possible source.

The bare cell in which he has been confined, the limited diet, the hard routine of daily labor and the restriction in enjoyment to the reading of the Bible are detestable enough to the brutal and ignorant wretches—those "criminal classes" about whose knowledge of aesthetics Wilde spoke with such contempt. To Wilde it is so hideous that he cannot yet believe that he is not under the spell of some fruitful dream. He is still sane, but in a dazed, trance-like condition from which he is seldom roused.

The first time he showed any sign of a realization of the depths to which he had sunk was the second day of his imprisonment. when he was put upon the treadmills. This awful remnant of prison discipline in former years has a wheel which the convict must climb for six hours a day, three hours in the forenoon and three hours in the afternoon.

The speed of the wheel is thirty-two feet a minute, and the convict who pauses while the wheel is in motion is struck and bruised by the edges of the ever-descending steps. At the end of every fifteen minutes there is a rest of five minutes. The second day Wilde, dazed and automatic, was led out and put upon the wheel. Mechanically he trod the step for fifteen minutes, took the five miuutes rest and begar again. In the second fifteen minutes he stopped, threw up his arms, gave vent to a horrible scream of anguish and fell in a swoon.

The prison surgeon examined him and said his heart was in such a condition that it would be dangerous to put him on the wheel again. So Wilde is allowed to sit in his cell. They throw in a quantity of oakum every morning, bul he need not pick it unless he wishes to do so. Of late he has begun to pick the oakum. Any occupation is better than being idle and thinking, thinking, thinking.

The second arousing came through the gentle, earnest old chaplain. Rev. W. Frederick Stockton, whose duty as well as pleasure is to labor spiritually with the convicts. Wilde had not been in Pentonville many days before the old clergyman pushed timidly into his cell. Wilde flushed angrily.

"What do you mean by intruding yourself upon me?" he demanded.

The old man looked sympathetically at the fallen Pagan, and said in his gentlest voice:

"I wish to offer you the consolation of religion and to help you to reflect upon your condition."

"I do not need the consolation of religion, and I am still capable of conducting my own reflections," said Oscar, sneeringly.

"I hope you are not unrepentent," the old clergyman next ventured. Wilde jumped to his feet in a rage.

"Unrepentant," he said, angrily. "What do you mean? How dare you insult me in this fashion? I am innocent of the crimes of which I am accused. You will kindly leave me alone."

Mr. Stockton insisted no further. He is waiting now for Wilde to get to work at the Bible. He feels that sooner or later he must read it, and reading, soften to a more receptive frame of mind. He hopes also that Wilde will send for him. For he is allowed to see no one from the exterior world, but the Chaplain or some other minister of revealed religion. And under the prison rules, which are strictly enforced, even the clergyman may not tell him any news, bring him any messages or talk to him on any subject not directly bearing upon the salvation of his soul.

Oscar Wilde's wife is now a believer in him. She has taken another name, and with the children has gone away to some quiet place on the Continent. She is a clever woman and purposes to let no one know of her whereabouts and to make the new name an honorable one for the children. It is said that no one is in her secret.

Wilde will not hear from the outside world for three months. Many people believe he will go mad long before that time. But others think, and with reason, that he is so facile and adaptable that he will gradually and easily slip into the prison routine.

Could Not Eat, Could Not Sleep.

"I was completely run down in health and suffered greatly with headache. I could not eat anything without distress. I was recommended to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and I did so, and now I can eat and sleep as well as I ever did, and I feel like a different person." Mrs. Eleanor Gresham, Holmesburg, Phila., Pa.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

STRANGE BRIDAL TOUR.

MR. WILLIAMS AND HIS BRIDE TO CIRCLE THE GLOBE WITHOUT A CENT.

W. T. Williams, Jr., and his bride of a week are walking to San Francisco, their first stage on a trip around the world. They left the Russ House, Los Angeles, without luggage or money or food, with nothing but the clothes on their backs and a few things in their pockets.

Mr. Williams is a son of Deputy District Attorney W. T. Williams, who is a brother of Judge Williams of Ventura. Like his father and uncle, he is a big, stalwart man, capable of withstanding all sorts of hardships. Some ten days ago he surprised his friends by announcing his intention of getting married and about a week ago turned up with a lovely bride and spent his honeymoon at the Russ House.

The story now goes that he made a wager of $5,000 with his uncle that his wife had courage enough to undertake a journey about the world without either of them having any money or luggage.

The condition was imposed that not more than two years should be occupied in the trip, and that the travelers must not receive any help from friends, but must earn every cent they get from the time of departure until their return. The conditions were promptly agreed to, and as no particular preparations were necessary it was decided to commence the long journey at once.

The friends of the bride and groom assembled at the hotel, and the crowd was increased by a number of spectators, so that when the last goodbyes were said and the plucky little woman and her big husband took the first step out of doors they were greeted by cheers from an assembly of several hundred people. They bowed their thanks, and trudging along were soon at the city limits and fairly started on their way to San Francisco.

San Francisco and Seattle being visited, then the road lies straight for the orient. The undertaking is actuated by a desire for sight-seeing and adventure as well as by the $5,000 purse which is up on the venture.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

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Arrangements have been made by which we can furnish this paper and the Twice-a-Week New York *World* all for $1.75 a year. Take advantage of this offer and get your own local paper and the Twice-a Week *World* at this special rate. tf.

Customer—Bring me some lobster salad and some cucumbers. Waiter (bringing pen, ink and paper)—Please write your name and address before you tackle that order.—*National Hotel Reporter.*

"If all the gold in mint or bank,
All earthly things that men call wealth
Were mine, with every title rank,
I'd give them all for precious health."

Thus in anguish wrote a lady teacher to a near friend, telling of pitiless headache, of smarting pain, of pain in back and loins, of dejection, weakness and nervous, feverish unrest. The friend knew both causes and cure and flashed back the answer, "Take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription." The distressed teacher obeyed, was restored to perfect health, and her daily duties once more became a daily pleasure. For lady teachers, saleslades and others kept long standing, or broken down by exhausting work, the "Prescription" is a most potent restorative tonic, and a certain cure for all female weakness. Send for free pamphlet. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Fibroid, ovarian and other Tumors cured without resort to surgery. Book, with numerous references, sent on receipt of 10 cents in stamps. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Experiment Station Notes.

The appearance of the report of the Station for 1894 has been considerably delayed, owing to the fact that the MS. was destroyed by fire in the State printing office in February. The MS. was re produced as promptly as possible, and the report is now ready for distribution.

The most prominent feature of the volume is the report upon the cooperative experiments with tobacco, carried on in Lancaster county in cooperation with the Lancaster County Tobacco Growers' Society under the provisions of the Act of June 8th, 1893. These experiments include investigations of the physical and chemical properties of the soils, experiments upon the use of commercial fertilizers and their effect upon the yield, size and quality of leaf, and experiments upon the curing of tobacco, especially upon the use of artificial heat in curing. The latter experiments are especially interesting and, while definite results were not reached, the process seems to be one of great promise.

The subject of tuberculosis is treated by Dr. Leonard Pearson, the article covering such points as the history of tuberculosis, its distribution among animals, its prevalence in this country, the conditions favoring its development in herds, and the location and symptoms of the disease. The tuberculin test is described at length, with the precautions necessary to be observed in using it and the results of tests upon the Experiment Station herd are given to combat the idea that the use of tuberculin is injurious to animals. A conservative view is taken of the danger to health due to the prevalence of this disease among cattle, while at the same time dairymen are urged to take every precaution to prevent or exterminate the disease, both in their own interest and in that of the public health.

Dairymen will find data of much interest to them in the extensive tests of cream separators made at the Station and at various creameries in the State. The latter tests are interesting as an indication of the losses sustained in the creameries of this State by poor management, this loss amounting in the case of some creameries to as much as $10 per day.

The general subject of stock feeding, including the composition of feeding stuffs, the feeding standards and the computation of rations is treated in a short article which will be republished in pamphlet form for free distribution. Experiments upon the use of cotton seed for dairy cows and upon the comparative value of silage, sugar beets and mangels are also reported.

A very interesting summary is given of the fertilizer experiments which have been carried on at the Station for the past twelve years. Numerous varieties of wheat, oats and potatoes are reported upon, and extensive tabular data as to the meteorology of the year conclude the volume.

The annual reports and quarterly bulletins of the Station will be sent, free of charge, on application. Correspondence on agricultural subjects is desired.

Address,
H. P. ARMSBY, Director,
State College,
Centre Co., Pa.

"There is danger in delay."

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, Late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Wouldn't Have Time.

First Traveller—Do you understand this silver question that everybody is talking about?

Second Traveller (emphatically)—I do not, sir.

First Traveller—Well, I'll explain it to you.

Second Traveller—You'll have to excuse me. You see I'm going to be on this train only seventeen hours. —*From Judge.*

Borax—How is it that Bryant has dropped out of sight lately? Smilax—Oh, somebody discovered that his real name was O'Brien, and that injured him socially. Then he tried to deny it, and that killed him politically. —*Puck.*

Saidso—Hudson Rivers wasn't out West long before they nominated him for Mayor. Herdso—How did that happen. Saidso—He was close-mouthed, and there was a lot of curiosity about his record.—*Puck.*

Drug envelopes, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 manilla, white or colored, coin envelopes, and shipping tags, with or without strings, always in stock at this office. tf.

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CURES ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
Makes strong men and women of weaklings.
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Cure all Wasting Diseases and their sequences,
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They are neither styptic nor caustic, and have no coagulating effect on the contents of the stomach or its lining; consequently do not hurt the teeth or cause constipation or diarrhœa, as do the usual forms of Iron. 10 days treatment 50c, pamphlet free. If not kept by your druggist, address
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How to Serve Fruits.

MUCH OF THEIR DELICACY OF FLAVOR DEPENDS UPON THEIR TREATMENT.

Fruits are delicious when joined with either claret or white wine into a drink for hot weather luncheons or dinner—the more fruits the better.

Pineapple lemonade is delicious also. To slice a pineapple is to offend the gods. Get the peel off and then shred the fruit with a stout silver fork.

Granulated sugar is an abomination on fruit; use powdered sugar and sift it before sending it to the table.

A fruit dish that will tempt the appetite of an invalid—and, of course, of anybody else—is peach foam. Put a cupful of fine peaches (cut into small bits after peeling) in a bowl with half cup of powdered sugar and the white of one egg. Beat with a silver fork until you have a creamy, velvety mass, which will take about half an hour. Chill in the refrigerator and serve. Whipped cream should always be served with sliced peaches to hide the discolorations that cannot be prevented.

Grapes should be dipped in ice water two or three times and drained quite dry before serving. It is better to wash them over night if designed for breakfast.

All fruits look nicer on delicate, light china. A few leaves in the fruit dish add wonderfully to the effect upon the eyes, and the eyes coax the appetite when nothing else will.

Melons suit our end of the century palates best when they are chilled. Watermelons should never be sliced, but should be scooped out in an appetizing pink mass after having been on the ice for some hours. The best way to serve a large one is to divide it into quarters and send one quarter to the table on a large platter. By scooping the melon in serving there is no rind to be given to the guest to flop and flounder about in his plate.

Canteloupes should be served in halves. Therefore, select the small ones. Half the people who serve them send partially green ones to the table. The ripe, butter yellow ones have the nicest flavor, and they usually have a very dark outer skin. Scrape the seeds out and drain each half and serve with a couple of spoonfuls of cracked ice in the hollow left when the seeds disappear.

New York Fashion Letter.

Madame La Mode displays a tendency to revive the fashions of Louis XVI. These fancies appear in the redingote gowns with the fronts cut away to show a vest of flowered fabric. Old fashioned fichus and wide brimmed hats complete the gowns copied from this epoch. All varieties of Louis XVI coats appear, made of satin, silk, flowered velvet and lace. Costumes of white alpaca will be much worn during mid-summer at the seashore and mountains. Evening silks with Pompadour colors are exceedingly popular, and for afternoon gowns figured lawn and India mull, trimmed with insertions of yellow lace are decorated with chiffon boas and fancy girdles of ribbon and flowers. Wash costumes this season are more in vogue than ever. Beautiful morning dresses are made of French gingham, fancy linen duck and pique. The large collar over the shoulder is seen everywhere. It constitutes the regular collar of the cotton tailor gown and outing dresses. It decorates in an adjustable form fancy silk bodices and is seen also outside of heavy cloth jackets. Its material is varied, ranging from tulle and lace to grass cloth, duck, silk and velvet. Many of the new skirts are box-pleated and accordion pleated, and all the sleeves voluminous.

Yellow lace is used upon every costume of whatever style or color. It trims the yoke, sleeves, collar, fichu, and in some cases the skirt. Of all the Fashion Magazines at hand we find the popular McDowell Journals most replete in practical information. "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost $3.50 each per year's subscription or 35 cents a copy. The "French Dress-maker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy; and "La Mode" $1.50 a year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure either of these journals from your newsdealer do not take any substitute, but apply by mail to Mess. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

That scrofulous taint which has been in your blood for years, will be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

Printing in Colors.

The prices of colored printing inks have gone down with everything else, and it costs no more to do printing in colors than it does in black. THE COLUMBIAN office is prepared to print in any of the following colors: Black, orange, deep cherry, brown lake, light blue, ultra marine blue, bronze red, violet, dark red, green, jacqueminot, purple, garnet, peacock blue. Printing in more than one color is done at a slight advance for the additional press work. tf.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in books of 25 and 50. tf.

THE SUPERIOR COURT.

The governor having appointed the judges of the new superior court provided for by the state legislature, that body is now fully established. The appointed judges will hold office until their successors, who will be elected in November next, take their seats on the first Monday in January next. The terms of the elected judges will expire in ten years. The superior court will meet once a year in Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Scranton and Harrisburg. The county in which the court is held must supply a room at the expense of the state. The court will appoint the prothonotaries in the cities of Williamsport and Scranton, and the prothonotaries of the superior court at Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Harrisburg will serve as ex-officio prothonotaries of the superior courts.

The court shall have no original jurisdiction except that it may issue writs of habeas corpus, but it shall have exclusive and final appellate jurisdiction of all appeals which are now allowed to the supreme court in many classes of cases. These include all proceedings of any kind in the court of quarter sessions of the peace before any judge, except cases involving the right to a public office. But no appeal from a sentence upon an indictment may be taken unless it has been specially allowed by a judge of this court, who shall have power to admit to bail and to make an order or supersedeas or any other order which justice may require. Also all oyer and terminer cases, except felonious homicide, which shall go directly to the supreme court; all actions or claims of every kind, including distributions in common pleas or in equity, provided the matter does not involve property worth more than $1,000.

It shall have the final decision also in all claims, disputes or other proceedings, including other distributions in the orphan's court, except those in which the attorney general appears in his official capacity and those in which the amount really in controversy in a single claim is greater than $2,609, exclusive of costs. Any case whatever, civil or criminal, at law or in equity, or in the orphans' court, except felonious homicide, may be heard and decided by the court, although the case would otherwise have been appealable directly to the supreme court. Nevertheless, in any action or proceeding whatever committed to the final and exclusive decision of the superior court there may still be an appeal from its judgment to the supreme court.

First, if the jurisdiction of the supreme court is in issue; or second, if the case involves the construction or application of the constitution of the United States or of any statute or treaty of the United States; or third, if the case involves the construction or application of the constitution of Pennsylvania; or fourth, if the appeal to the supreme court is especially allowed by the superior court itself or by any one justice of the supreme court. But if both parties to a case at any stage of the proceedings, below or in the superior court, mutually so stipulate there shall be no appeal.

If any three of the judges believe the questions involved in any case are so difficult or important as to make a decision by the supreme court expedient, the case shall be certified to that court after the case shall have been heard and decided in the superior court. Members of the bar of the supreme court shall without further action also be members of the bar of the superior court. Thereafter admission shall be governed by such rules as the superior court may make. The general appropriation bill provides $105,000 for two years' salaries for the judges, and $4,000 for the salaries of the crier and tipstaves for two years. The latter are to be appointed by the court.

A Beverage for Wheelmen.

Next to being lost at sea there is nothing that brings on the pangs of thirst quicker than bicycle riding. The hot sun and the constant inhalation of dust quickly parches the throat and makes the biker long for the next stop for refreshments. The wise rider avoids ice water, well knowing its danger. Alcoholic beverages are likewise tabooed because of their heating propensities, and there is little satisfaction in wishy-washy stuff sold under the broad classification of "soft drinks." A well known wheelman, in speaking of this, said:

"What to drink is no easy problem to a man on a long, hot run. The only drink I know really fit for a bicycle rider is Hires' Rootbeer, carbonated. There are but few places now at which it cannot be had, and I tell you it braces one right up, seems to go right down to the bottom of your pedal workers. It is cooling and refreshing, quickly lowering your temperature and fully satisfying your thirst. I tell you there's nothing like it, and I've sworn off all other drinks when on the road." Hire's Rootbeer, carbonated, is made from the famous Hires' Rootbeer extract by the same formula, without adulteration of any kind. Besides being delicious it possesses many medicinal qualities, making it as popular with wheelmen and pedestrians as the good home-made Hires' Rootbeer is with the folks at home.

"Emily, if William to-day asks you to marry him, you must tell him to speak to me." "Yes, mamma; but if he does not?" "Then tell him I want to speak to him."—*Fliegende Blatter.*

Teacher—Can you tell me, Johnnie, why Satan goes about the earth like a roaring lion? Johnnie—'Cause he can't cut any ice in the place where he lives when he's to home.—*Boston Transcript.*

Stock Certificates.

Corporations desiring stock certificates, are invited to call and see samples of lithograph work at THE COLUMBIAN office. Workmanship and prices are guaranteed to compare favorably with city printing. tf.

A Minister's Experience With Heart Disease.

Rev. L. W. Showers, Elderton, Pa.: "For many years my greatest enemy has been organic heart disease. From uneasiness about the heart, with palpitation, it had developed into thumping, fluttering, and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief. A few bottles have rid me of almost every symptom of heart disease. It is a wonder-worker." Sold by Wm. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

RUPTURE CAN BE CURED.

Grateful Testimonial From One Who Has Been Cured.

The new method of curing rupture, practiced by Dr. O'Malley, 80 South Washington street, Wilkes-Barre, is bringing most excellent results. An absolute cure is guaranteed in ninety out of the hundred cases now under treatment. There is no discomfort or annoyance of wearing a truss afterwards. No cutting, no pain and no operation. Many testimonials from grateful patients, one of which is given by permission:

John Villinger, 21 Division street, employed at Stegmaier's brewery, Wilkes-Barre, says: "I had been ruptured from lifting heavy weights and hard work. I tried many physicians, who pronounced my case incurable. No truss was of any use to me until I consulted Dr. O'Malley about three months ago. I am now well. I have no pain, no rupture, and am delighted to inform my fellow sufferers. I now work hard at the brewery every day and have thrown away my truss, having no occasion to use it."

N. B.—We make no charge when we do not cure. Examination free.

DR. A. P. O'MALLEY,

80 S. Washington St. **Wilkes-Barre, Pa.**

ORDINANCE NO. 84.

The following ordinance was passed by the Town Council at a meeting held May 22.

An Ordinance to Provide for an Increase of Indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg, in order to fund the Present Indebtedness of said Municipality as Evidenced by Outstanding Orders, and a Judgment of Court in an Action for Tort, for Damages Sustained by W. R. Ringrose, for Personal Injuries Received: and also Purchase Real Estate and the Equipment of a Plant to Furnish Light for the said Town, and to Pay the Expenses Incident to the Opening of Jefferson Street and North Street, Ordained to be Opened by Previous Councils, and for Obtaining Consent of the Electors of said Municipality thereto.

WHEREAS, The existing bonded indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg amounts to the sum of $37,940, and in addition thereto there is an existing indebtedness for outstanding orders—the sum of $12,500 and for the judgment obtained against the said Town, for personal injuries received by W. R. Ringrose, together with the interest, costs and expenses incident to the litigation concerning the same, amounting to about $7,000—which outstanding orders and judgment are bearing six per cent, interest, and it is desirable to fund the said indebtedness by the substitution of another form of indebtedness bearing a lower rate of interest.

AND WHEREAS, Also the said Town is now at an annual expense approximating $4400 for the furnishing of Lights for its Highways and Streets, and there is demand made for the immediate opening of Jefferson Street and of North Street agreeably to the action of the corporate Authorities of said Town, heretofore had; and it is believed that the interests of the said Town will be the better subserved by the procurement of a plant and the necessary appliances, for the furnishing of light for the Highways of said Town and to be owned by the said Town; and by the immediate opening of the Highways mentioned and previously ordained.

Therefore be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby ordained and exacted

Sec. 1. That for the purpose of funding the debt of the said municipality as evidenced by the existing and outstanding orders of the said Town, and for the payment of the judgment, interest, costs and expenses incident to the litigation of the claim of W. R. Ringrose against said Town for personal injuries received by him; as well as for the purpose of procuring real estate and the necessary machinery and appliances for the furnishing of the light for the Streets and Highways thereof; and to pay the damages, costs and expenses for the opening of Jefferson Street and North Street is already ordained, that the bonded indebtedness of the said Town of Bloomsburg be increased in the sum of Forty Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars ($40,800).

Sec. 2. That bonds be issued in denominations of $500, $200 and $100 each, with coupons attached, and bearing interest at four and a half per centum, per annum, payable semi-annually, to secure the payment of the indebtedness hereby created, all of which shall be payable within twenty years from the date of issue; which bonds shall be in such form, and be executed, issued and delivered in accordance with, and subject to such regulations and resolutions as the President and Town Council may adopt.

Sec. 3. That an annual tax commencing with the first year after such bonds shall have been issued of at least two mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of taxable property in said town of Bloomsburg, be hereafter annually levied and collected for the purpose of repaying the said indebtedness and the interest thereon; and that the President of the Town Council is hereby authorized and directed to make and file with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Columbia County, attested by the Secretary of the Town Council, the statement required by law.

Sec. 4. That notice be given agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly of April 20, 1874, and its supplements, by advertisement published in THE COLUMBIAN, "Democratic Sentinel" and "Columbia County Republican," and by twenty printed hand bills, posted in the most public parts of said Town, that an election will be held at the usual places of holding the general and municipal elections in the said Town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, the Sixteenth day of July, A. D., 1895, between the hours provided by law for holding of general elections, for the purpose of obtaining consent of the Electors of said Town to such increase of indebtedness.

Sec. 5. That the President of the Town Council shall cause to be prepared and distributed printed tickets labelled on the outside "Increase the Debt," and containing on the inside the words "Debt may be Increased" also the words "For Loan to Fund Outstanding Orders and the W. R. Ringrose judgment; and to pay the Expenses of Plant for Light and of Opening Jefferson and North Sts., Total $40,800;" and he shall also prepare and distribute tickets labelled on the outside "Increase the Debt" and containing on the inside "No Increase of Debt," also the words "For Loan to Fund Outstanding Orders and the W. R. Ringrose Judgment; and to pay the Expenses of Plant for Light, and of Opening Jefferson and North Streets, Total $40,800;" that due notice be given to the Electors of the Town of Bloomsburg in the manner prescribed by the 3rd Section of the Act of 1874 and its supplements, said notice to contain a statement of the last assessed valuation of taxable property in said Town, of the amount of the existing debt, of the amount and percentage of the proposed increase, and the purposes for which the indebtedness is to be increased

Passed and approved May 21st, 1895.

S. C. CREASY, President.

Attest: R. H. RINGLER, Sec. of Town Council.

NOTICE TO ELECTORS.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified Electors of the Town of Bloomsburg that in pursuance of an Ordinance to Provide for an Increase of Indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg in order to Fund the Present Indebtedness of said Municipality as Evidenced by outstanding Orders, and a Judgment of Court in an Action for Tort, for Damages sustained by W. R. Ringrose for Personal Injuries Received; and also Purchase Real Estate and the Equipment of a Plant to Furnish Light for the said Town and to pay the Expenses Incident to the Opening of Jefferson Street and North Street, Ordained to be Opened by Previous Councils and for Obtaining Consent of the Electors of said Municipality Thereto.

An election will be held in the several election districts of the Town of Bloomsburg to be held at the places of holding the general and municipal elections in said election districts, on Tuesday, the 16th day of July, 1895 between the hours provided by law, for holding general elections for the purpose of obtaining the consent of the Electors of said Town to such increase of indebtedness.

The money to be obtained from such increase of indebtedness shall be applied to the payment of existing outstanding orders of said Town, and the payment of the W. R. Ringrose Judgment, interest, costs and expenses; and to procure a Plant for the furnishing of light for the streets of said Town, and the necessary appliances therefor; and to pay for the opening of Jefferson and North Streets as ordained by action of previous Councils.

The last assessed valuation of said Town was	$2,239,624
The present bonded debt of said Town, is	37,940
The net existing debt of said Town including outstanding orders and Ringrose Judgment is	19,500
The amount of the proposed increase, including that necessary to fund the debt for outstanding orders and said judgment is	40,800
The percentage of increase, including that necessary to fund the debt for outstanding orders and for said judgment is	.0182

By order of Town Council.

S. C. CREASY, President.

R. H. RINGLER, Secretary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of J. N. Bower, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of J. N. Bower, late of Briarcreek township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

EMMA C. BOWER, Administratrix.

C. B. JACKSON, Atty. 6-28-4t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. J. Evans, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of A. J. Evans, late of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned executors, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

ANDREW L. FRITZ, ANDREW EVANS, Executors.

FRITZ, Atty. 6-14-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rev. M. Powers, late of the Borough of Centralia, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Rev. M. Powers, late of the Borough of Centralia, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

REV. JOHN J. KOCH, Shamokin, Pa., Administrator.

5-17-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Phineas Smith, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of said estate will sit at his office in Berwick, on Saturday, July 13th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. B. JACKSON, Auditor.

6-17-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Eck, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to determine the amount of recognizance, counsel fee, collateral inheritance tax, and costs, and to make calculation of amounts due the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at the office of C. C. Evans, Esq., in Berwick, Pa., on Wednesday, June 26th, 1895, when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

FRED IKELER, Auditor.

5-24-4t.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE A SPECIALTY,
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

DR. J. R. EVANS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Treatment of Chronic Diseases a Specialty
Office corner Third and Jefferson streets.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.,
Office, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection.

DR. M. J. HESS,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office 2nd floor front, Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,672
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,585
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,623
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,788,307	488,730
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,725

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
JAMES McCLOSKEY Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

FARMERS' HOTEL,
Iron Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable atached.

Warm Weather:
FOOT WEAR

RUSSET SHOES AND OXFORDS

at prices to suit all.

W. C. McKINNEY.

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHICKERING PIANO FOR SALE.—In fine condition, price reasonable, terms easy. Inquire at this office or address Lock Box A., Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

GOING TO CHURCH

An active, intelligent church member, male or female, wanted to represent us for special work. Splendid inducement to right party. No capital needed. Reference required. Good pay. State age and previous occupation, also name of church and denomination. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 6-14-3t.

Some Bargains.

The stock of goods of Jerry Saltzer, lately sold at Sheriff's sale, and purchased by Estey & Bruce of Philadelphia, including Organs, Violins, Accordions, Banjos, Mouth Organs, Violin, Banjo & Guitar strings, Sheet music, &c, is now offered at greatly reduced rates to close, at the old stand. 1000 sheets of popular music at 3cts per copy.

ESTEY & BRUCE.

6-28-2t.*

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

House to Rent.

On East Rock street, Bloomsburg. Inquire at this office.

Washable knee pants 15c. at Gidding's.

BENTON.

Benton was deserted on the fourth, a large number going out of town to celebrate. Our Ball team was over to Cambra to play their team and at the seventh inning a dispute arose and our boys quit the field while the score stood 13-18 in Benton's favor.

Ira McHenry, Dr. Carey, H. A. Kemp and W. M. Kline attended the Knights of Golden Eagle Lodge at Central Saturday night.

The second nine of this place will play Stillwater a game of ball here next Saturday.

Miss Lula McHenry spent last week in Wilkes-Barre visiting friends.

Sheriff McHenry and G. M. Quick of Bloomsburg were up here on a hunt a few days last week.

Geo. Hassenplug and wife of Jamison City were the guests of Geo. McHenry over Sunday.

Miss Dot Crossley is spending the summer at Eagles Mere.

Miss Lizzie Heacock who has been visiting relatives at New York City for the past month has returned home much benefited by the trip.

B. G. Keller gave his house and store a coat of paint, and now has as fine a house as there is in town.

Jacob Fahr and wife of Jamison City were shopping here Thursday evening.

Max Mamalen is doing a big business in the clothing line and sells as low as the lowest.

Clint Dewitt is the man that wears the apron in Crossley's meat market, as he is an experienced hand, he can cut your meat to suit you without any trouble.

Lando McHenry has added a new veranda to his residence which makes a great improvement.

Robt. Hess is working at Ricketts Wyo., Co. and expects to remain there all summer.

Chas. Seeley who has been suffering with rheumatism all summer is able to be around and at his business again.

Shorty Kelchner was unfortunate last week and sprained his ankle so that he can not play ball. Too bad for Shorty.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE STATE COLLEGE'S LOSS.

FERTILIZER MANUFACTURERS GAIN $3,500 A YEAR BY THE SURREPTITIOUS ELIMINATION OF A CLAUSE IN A BILL PASSED BY THE LAST LEGISLATURE AND APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR.

The fertilizer manufacturers doing business in Pennsylvania will save about $3,500 a year at the expense of the State college by the surreptitious elimination of a clause in a bill passed by the recent legislature and approved by Governor Hastings. The act of June 26, 1879, requires manufacturers of fertilizers to take out licenses and file an affidavit of sales with the secretary of the commonwealth. An analysis of each brand of fertilizers is filed with the secretary of agriculture and the license fee paid to the state treasurer. This arrangement caused much confusion and in order to simplify the matter Secretary Edge had the legislature pass a bill changing the time of taking out the licenses from August 1 to January 1 and providing that all papers should issue from and be filed in the department of agriculture.

When the bill was under consideration in the house of representatives on second reading an officer of the State college had inserted a proviso that the certificates could only be extended after the payment of one-third of the license fees of the previous year. This was done because the college receives the license fees for making the analysis of samples of fertilizers furnished by the department of agriculture, and if the licenses were extended, as was at first proposed without any additional fees, the institution would lose about $3,500 a year.

The bill was sent to a conference committee to eliminate some objectionable features and was reported with the State college proviso all right, but in some manner the proviso was eliminated before the measure reached the governor. The college officials have not been able to learn how the proviso was taken. The possibilities are that it was secretly stricken out by a friend of the fertilizer manufacturers during the confusion at the closing hours of the session.

Duck and leather belts 25c. at Giddings.

Lawyer—You will get your third out of the estate, Madam. Widow—Oh, Mr. Bluebags! How can you say such a thing, with my second hardly cold in his grave?—*Judge.*

Paterfamilias—What on earth makes that young man stay so long? Doesn't he know how to say good-night? Edyth—Of course he does. That's what makes him stay so long.—*Puck.*

A good, healthy wholesomeness will make even a homely face attractive.

There are many reasons why women should take care to be healthy. One very strong reason is that beauty and illness are very seldom found together. Illness—and especially the kind peculiar to women—makes the complexion bad, the eyes dull and sunken, the manner listless and the intellect dull.

No woman in this condition can be attractive to her friends. Personal appearance counts for much, but comfort amounts to even more. What's the good of living if one cannot enjoy anything? If headaches and backaches and dragging weariness and pain accompany even slight fatigue?

If the system is constantly subjected to a debilitating drain, where is the energy to come from to make enjoyment possible?

Personal comfort and a consideration for the feelings of others are two of the incentives to an effort to secure health.

If the illness is in any way connected with the purely feminine organism (and the chances are ten to one that it is) Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure it.

Dr. Pierce has used the "Prescription" in his practice for thirty years with unbroken success. A large book written by him entitled "Woman and Her Diseases" will be sent (securely sealed, in plain envelope) to those who will send this notice and ten cents to part pay postage, to WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

It's Water-proof.

Interlined "Celluloid" Collars and Cuffs turn water like a duck's back and show neither spot nor soil. They are not effected by perspiration, and always look as if right out of the box. When they get soiled you can clean them in a minute by simply wiping off with a wet cloth. These are but a few of the advantages of wearing the "Celluloid" Collars and Cuffs. There are many others that you will readily discover the first time you wear one.

They are the only waterproof interlined collars and cuffs made. Be sure to get the genuine with this trade mark

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

stamped inside, if you desire perfect satisfaction. Made in all sizes and all styles. If you can't get them at the dealers, we will send sample postpaid, on receipt of price: Collars, 25 cents each. Cuffs, 50 cents pair. State size, and whether you want a stand-up or turned-down collar.

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Resolutions.

The following resolutions of condolence upon the death of William M. Kitchen, which occurred June 19, 1895, were adopted by the Kitchen's M. E. Sunday School.

WHEREAS, Our Heavenly Father has seen fit in His infinite wisdom to call from this earth to his heavenly home our brother William M. Kitchen, and

WHEREAS, In view of the loss we have sustained by the death of our brother and Classmate, his parents, brother and sisters have sustained a still heavier loss, therefore be it,

Resolved; While we deeply deplore the loss of our brother, we submit to him who doeth all things well.

Resolved; That it is a just tribute to the memory of our departed brother to say, that, in regretting his removal from our midst we mourn for one who was worthy of our respect and regard; whose courteous deportment and zeal in promoting a high standard of membership of the different branches of Christ's Church, have endeared his memory to every member of the same.

Resolved; That we will ever cherish his memory and endeavor to emulate his example.

Resolved; That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the parents, brother and sisters of the deceased, assuring them that we sincerely mourn with them, the loss of our kind friend and brother. Be it also

Resolved; That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased, and also be sent to the Millville *Tablet* and Bloomsburg papers for publication.

His earthly talks are o'er,
His work forever done;
But if we think a moment,
They have only just begun.

He like the tiller of the soil,
Has sown for worthy gain;
But Eternity alone,
Can reap the golden grain.

We as his listeners,
Recall his thoughtful brow;
And may we as children,
Await the Saviour's call.

One by one we're crossing over,
Soon we'll leave this timely shore;
And we hope to meet our brother,
Who has just gone on before.

ALVAH KITCHEN,
EARNEST UTT,
ROBERT HEILMAN, } Com.

The Schools Elect No Delegates.

Governor Hastings began his administration with a notice to the legislature that economy must be practiced, and he has been harping ever since on a decrease of revenue, the fear of which caused him to veto certain appropriations. But while the Governor managed to deprive important educational institutions of money needed for their maintenance, he neglected to guard the treasury against the place hunters and spoilsmen. He is not to be regarded as a particularly good watch dog, but a watch dog with vagaries. His alarm about the condition of the treasury is probably not well founded, but if it is he should have kept down the expenses of the Executive Department instead of increasing it more than $800,000. The Governor's course in this matter must be regarded in the light of practical politics. The schools that his economy may have wrecked will have no voice for either Quay or Hastings, but the politicians whom he has appointed to new offices, or whose salaries have been increased, will all be for Hastings.—*Public Ledger.*

Call and see the typewriter paper at this office. tf.

DUNHAM AND SITTSER.

A NICE LEGAL QUESTION HAS ARISEN SINCE JUDGE RICE HAS BEEN ELEVATED—THE CONTEST.

The Dunham-Sittser judicial contest court at Laporte, Sullivan County, adjourned last Saturday evening to meet again at that place on the 12th. The commissioner to take testimony will sit again in Tunkhannock on the 10th, and it is now thought the work in Wyoming County will be completed in the two days given it there. The Sittser side made an effort to reopen its case to add further to its bill of particulars, charging more bribery, but after considerable discussion, was refused by the court, and the Sittser side is in consequence closed, except such matters of rebuttal as it may have to bring. This makes it look as though the end might be reached by fall. From the best reports obtainable it appears that the Dunham side has been making substantial gains in Sullivan County. It is the general opinion that it has certainly gained decidedly in Wyoming.

With the retirement of Judge Rice as a member of the contest court to assume his position as president judge of the Superior Court, there is a great legal question as to the status of the court constituted to hear the judicial contest. It seems generally conceded that he cannot finish his work on the commission to which he was appointed in this judicial district. Then can the other two judges go on without him and make a report of their finding which will be legal? It seems to be the general opinion that Judge Woodward as president judge of Luzerne County will be commissioned by the governor in his stead, but to this the respondents will object. The governor and attorney general seem as much at sea as the other parties concerned and whatever action shall be taken it is evident that if the finding of the reorganized contest court should be adverse to Dunham, the case would have to be reviewed by the Supreme Court. There is no precedent to throw light on this puzzle.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

Almost every neighborhood contains some one who has been helped by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. J. Tinley Mullen, of Clearfield, Pa., writes under date of Nov. 28th, as follows: "Last winter our oldest boy had the mumps after which he got cold and it turned to diphtheria. We did not think he could get well, and after he did recover he had not sufficient strength to walk. He had no appetite and we got a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and he began taking it. In three days he was able to eat as well as usual. My husband had catarrh of the throat and the doctors could not relieve him so he took Hood's Sarsaparilla and he has not been troubled since. Last spring I had a pain across my kidneys which troubled me a great deal and I was also afflicted with swelling in my throat: I took two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and a box of Hood's Vegetable Pills, and have no such troubles since.

Huntington Valley Campmeeting.

Huntington Valley campmeeting, near Shickshinny, will open Tuesday evening, August 20, in charge of Rev. E. H. Yocum, D. D., presiding elderer, assisted by the ministers of the Danville and Wyoming districts. August 21 will be Epworth League day, Rev. B. C. Conner, of Bloomsburg, conference president, will be the principal speaker. Rev. G. Murray Klepfer, of Catawissa, the district president, will conduct the music and Epworth League meetings. Bishop Taylor, of Africa, and Dr. Reed, of Dickinson College are among the promised attractions. The grove is in fine order and the water supply is the best in the state. The boarding hall is equipped equal to a first-class hotel and the service is unexcelled. The rates are reasonable. Old folks day, a feature at the grove, will be on Monday, August 26th.

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THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel,
Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

Bright's Disease,
Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint,
Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder,
Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free.
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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

SHOES. SHOES.

They are here in all the newest and dressiest shapes selected from the best shoemakers in the land. The very liberal patronage of my friends has enabled me to put my shoe stock in the front rank which makes your shoe buying a pleasure.

Spring and Summer weight Underwear.

Hosiery, corsets, etc. of the best makes and the best assortment at the lowest prices.

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Shingles, Plastering Lath, Hemlock and Pine cut to bills.

We have saw-mills on this tract running daily, and have there on hand and can cut timber &c. at any time.

Shingles, No 1, all 5 and 6 in. selected,	$1.50 M
" No 1, all 5 and 6 in. best pine,	$2.50 M
Plastering lath, 4 ft. long,	$1.50 M
" " 3 ft. long,	$1.25 M
Hemlock, common sizes,	$8.00 M

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